Roll No.....

Time allowed : 3 hours

Maximum marks : 100

Total number of questions : 6

Total number of printed pages : 10

NOTE : 1. Answer ALL Questions.

- Tables showing the present value of ₹ 1 and the present value of an annuity of ₹ 1 for 15 years are annexed.
- 3. Suitable assumptions, if considered necessary, may be made while answering a question. However, such assumptions must be stated clearly.
- 4. Working notes should form part of the answer.
- **1.** Comment on the following :
 - (a) A Special Purpose Vehicle (SPV) has no advantage for securitization of assets.
 - (b) Operations in Foreign Exchange Markets are exposed to a number of risks.
 - (c) Economic Value Added (EVA) represents the real profit of an entity.
 - (d) Profit maximization is not the only objective of Financial Management.

(5 marks each)

Attempt all parts of either Q. No. 2 or Q. No. 2A

- **2.** Distinguish between the following :
 - (a) Global Depository Receipts (GDRs) and American Depository Receipts (ADRs).
 - (b) Capital budgeting and Capital rationing.
 - (c) Business risk and Financial risk.
 - (d) Derivatives management and Portfolio management.

(4 marks each)

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: 2 :

OR (Alternate question to Q. No. 2)

- 2A. (i) What are the important aspects for project monitoring ?
 - (*ii*) What are the main determinants of dividend policy ?
 - (*iii*) Explain the difference between hedging and speculation.
 - (*iv*) What are the objectives of treasury management ?

(4 marks each)

Attempt all parts of either Q. No. 3 or Q. No. 3A

(a) XYZ Ltd. has an annual requirement for a certain material of 500 tonnes. The ordering cost per order is ₹ 6,250 and the stock holding cost is estimated at 25% of the material cost per annum.

You are required to :

- (*i*) Compute E.O.Q. if the price per tonne is \gtrless 5,250.
- (*ii*) Calculate the total number of orders to be placed per year.

(4 marks)

(b) You are given two financial plans of a company which has two financial situations. The detailed information are as under :

Installed capacity	10,000 units
Actual production and sales	60% of installed capacity
Selling price per unit	₹ 30
Variable cost per unit	₹ 20
Fixed cost : Situation 'A' = \gtrless 20,000;	Situation 'B' = ₹ 25,000.

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Particulars	Financial Plans						
	PQ	MN					
	(₹)	(₹)					
Equity	12,000	35,000					
Debt (Cost of debt 12%)	40,000	10,000					
	52,000	45,000					

Capital structure of the company is as follows :

You are required to calculate operating leverage and financial leverage of both the plans.

(4 marks)

(c) Presently, one US \$ is worth 140 Japanese Yen in the spot market. The interest rate in Japan on 90 days government securities is 4% per annum. What is the implied interest rate in the USA if the 3-month forward rate is 138 Yen per US \$ according to the interest rate parity theorem ?

If the actual interest rate is 7% per annum in USA, what action would follow ? (4 marks)

(d) Consider the following information of Sunshine Ltd. :

	₹ in lakh
Earning before interest and taxes	2,000
Earning before taxes	600
Fixed Cost	1,400

Calculate the percentage of change in Earnings per share, if sales increase by 2%, disregarding other factors.

(4 marks)

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OR (Alternate question to Q. No. 3)

3A. (*i*) Z invested ₹ 2,40,000 at annual rate of interest of 10 per cent. What is the amount after 3 years if the compounding is done ?

- (*a*) Annually and
- (b) Semi-annually.

(4 marks)

Source of finance	Amount (₹)	Cost of Capital after tax (%)				
Equity capital (45,000 shares)	4,50,000	14				
Retained earnings	1,50,000	14				
10% Preference capital	1,00,000	10				
9% Debentures	3,00,000	4.5				

(ii) Following is the capital structure of PQ Gems Ltd. :

You are required to calculate the Weighted Average Cost of Capital :

- (a) Based on book values as weights; and
- (b) Based on market values as weights (Assuming that the market price of equity share is ₹ 20 per share).

(4 marks)

(*iii*) Security-A offers an expected rate of return of 14% with a standard deviation of 8%. Security-B offers an expected rate of return of 11% with a standard deviation of 6%. If an investor wishes to construct a portfolio with a 12.8% expected return, what percentage of the portfolio will consist of Security-A ?

(4 marks)

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(*iv*) ABC Autos Ltd. started its business one year back with paid-up equity capital of ₹ 40 Lakh.
Other details are as under : Earnings of the Year : ₹ 4,00,000 Dividend Paid : ₹ 3,20,000 Price-earnings ratio : 12.5 Number of shares : 40,000

You are required to find out whether the company's dividend payout ratio is optimal using Walter's Model.

(4 marks)

- (a) The spot exchange rate is ₹ 75 / € and the three months forward exchange rate is ₹ 76.00 / €. The three month interest rate is 8% per annum in India and 5.8% per annum in Germany. Assume that you can borrow as much as ₹ 75 lakh or € 1 lakh.
 - (*i*) Determine whether the interest rate parity is currently holding.
 - (*ii*) How would you carry out covered interest arbitrage ? Show all steps and determine the arbitrage profit.

(4 marks)

- (b) Precision Tools Ltd. currently has sales of ₹ 30,00,000 with an average collection period of two months. At present, no discounts are offered to the customers. The management of the company is thinking to allow a discount of 2% on cash sales which will result as under :
 - (*i*) The average collection period would reduce to one month.
 - (ii) 50% of customers would take advantage of 2% discount.

The company would normally require a 25% return on its investment. Advise the management whether to extend the discount on cash sales.

(4 marks)

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- (c) The operating income of Fine Crockery Ltd. is ₹ 9 lakhs before interest and taxes. The cost of debt is 10 percent and the current borrowing is ₹ 30 lakhs. The cost of capital is 12%. Calculate the cost of equity for Fine Crockery Ltd. Ignore Taxation. (4 marks)
- (*d*) Compute the degree of financial leverage for each of the companies Tattoos Ltd. and Gherkins Ltd. based on the following information :

	Tattoos Ltd.	Gherkins Ltd.
Earnings Before Interest and Tax	₹ 50,000	₹ 1,25,000
Debentures @ 8%	₹ 2,50,000	₹ 3,00,000
Preference share capital @ 10%	₹ 1,00,000	₹ 1,50,000
Tax Rate	35%	35%

(4 marks)

5. (a) A Portfolio Manager (PM) has the following four stocks in his portfolio :

Security	No. of	Market Price	Beta
	Shares	Per Share (₹)	
Dahlia Ltd.	10,000	50	0.9
Rose Ltd.	5,000	20	1.0
Cauliflower Ltd.	8,000	25	1.5
Apples Ltd.	2,000	200	1.2

Compute the following :

(*i*) Portfolio beta.

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- (*ii*) If the PM seeks to reduce the beta to 0.8, how much risk free investment should he bring in ?
- (*iii*) If the PM seeks to increase the beta to 1.2, how much risk free investment should he bring in ?

(8 marks)

(b) The following investment proposals are competing for selection. The Profitability Index(PI) of each of these proposals is also given :

Project	Initial Cash outlay (₹)	PI
А	25,000	1.13
В	35,000	1.11
С	40,000	1.15
D	30,000	1.08

If the budgeted fund is \gtrless 60,000. Select the most profitable projects, which completely utilise the available funds.

(8 marks)

6. Gayatri Textiles Limited is a readymade garment manufacturing company. Its production cycle indicates that materials are introduced in the beginning of the production phase; wages and overhead accrue evenly throughout the period of cycle. The following figures for the 12 months ending 31st March, 2019 are given below :

Production of shirts	54,000 units
Selling price per unit	₹ 200
Duration of the production cycle	1 month
Raw material inventory held	2 month's consumption
Finished goods stock held	1 month

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Credit allowed to debtors is 1.5 months and credit allowed by creditors is 1 month Wages and overheads are paid in the next month following the month of accrual. In the work-in-progress 50% of wage and overheads are supposed to be conversion costs. The ratios of cost to sales price are — raw materials 60%, direct wages 10% and overheads 20%.

Cash is to be held to the extent of 40% of current liabilities and an additional safety margin of 15% on net working capital will be maintained.

Calculate amount of working capital required for the company.

(16 marks)

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					TABL	.E-1: PI	RESENT	VALUE OF	: RUPEE (ONE					
RATE	YEAR	YEAR	YEAR	YEAR	YEAR	YEAR	YEAR	YEAR	YEAR	YEAR	YEAR	YEAR	YEAR	YEAR	YEAR
	-	7	3	4	5	9	7	8	6	10	Ē	12	13	14	15
5%	0.9524	0.9070	0.8638	0.8227	0.7835	0.7462	0.7107	0.6768	0.6446	0.6139	0.5847	0.5568	0.5303	0.5051	0.4810
%9	0.9434	0.8900	0.8396	0.7921	0.7473	0.7050	0.6651	0.6274	0.5919	0.5584	0.5268	0.4970	0.4688	0.4423	0.4173
%L	0.9346	0.8734	0.8163	0.7629	0.7130	0.6663	0.6227	0.5820	0.5439	0.5083	0.4751	0.4440	0.4150	0.3878	0.3624
8%	0.9259	0.8573	0.7938	0.7350	0.6806	0.6302	0.5835	0.5403	0.5002	0.4632	0.4289	0.3971	0.3677	0.3405	0.3152
%6	0.9174	0.8417	0.7722	0.7084	0.6499	0.5963	0.5470	0.5019	0.4604	0.4224	0.3875	0.3555	0.3262	0.2992	0.2745
10%	0.9091	0.8264	0.7513	0.6830	0.6209	0.5645	0.5132	0.4665	0.4241	0.3855	0.3505	0.3186	0.2897	0.2633	0.2394
11%	0.9009	0.8116	0.7312	0.6587	0.5935	0.5346	0.4817	0.4339	0.3909	0.3522	0.3173	0.2858	0.2575	0.2320	0.2090
12%	0.8929	0.7972	0.7118	0.6355	0.5674	0.5066	0.4523	0.4039	0.3606	0.3220	0.2875	0.2567	0.2292	0.2046	0.1827
13%	0.8850	0.7831	0.6931	0.6133	0.5428	0.4803	0.4251	0.3762	0.3329	0.2946	0.2607	0.2307	0.2042	0.1807	0.1599
14%	0.8772	0.7695	0.6750	0.5921	0.5194	0.4556	0.3996	0.3506	0.3075	0.2697	0.2366	0.2076	0.1821	0.1597	0.1401
15%	0.8696	0.7561	0.6575	0.5718	0.4972	0.4323	0.3759	0.3269	0.2843	0.2472	0.2149	0.1869	0.1625	0.1413	0.1229
16%	0.8621	0.7432	0.6407	0.5523	0.4761	0.4104	0.3538	0.3050	0.2630	0.2267	0.1954	0.1685	0.1452	0.1252	0.1079
17%	0.8547	0.7305	0.6244	0.5337	0.4561	0.3898	0.3332	0.2848	0.2434	0.2080	0.1778	0.1520	0.1299	0.1110	0.0949
18%	0.8475	0.7182	0.6086	0.5158	0.4371	0.3704	0.3139	0.2660	0.2255	0.1911	0.1619	0.1372	0.1163	0.0985	0.0835
19%	0.8403	0.7062	0.5934	0.4987	0.4190	0.3521	0.2959	0.2487	0.2090	0.1756	0.1476	0.1240	0.1042	0.0876	0.0736
20%	0.8333	0.6944	0.5787	0.4823	0.4019	0.3349	0.2791	0.2326	0.1938	0.1615	0.1346	0.1122	0.0935	0.0779	0.0649
21%	0.8264	0.6830	0.5645	0.4665	0.3855	0.3186	0.2633	0.2176	0.1799	0.1486	0.1228	0.1015	0.0839	0.0693	0.0573
22%	0.8197	0.6719	0.5507	0.4514	0.3700	0.3033	0.2486	0.2038	0.1670	0.1369	0.1122	0.0920	0.0754	0.0618	0.0507
23%	0.8130	0.6610	0.5374	0.4369	0.3552	0.2888	0.2348	0.1909	0.1552	0.1262	0.1026	0.0834	0.0678	0.0551	0.0448
24%	0.8065	0.6504	0.5245	0.4230	0.3411	0.2751	0.2218	0.1789	0.1443	0.1164	0.0938	0.0757	0.0610	0.0492	0.0397
25%	0.8000	0.6400	0.5120	0.4096	0.3277	0.2621	0.2097	0.1678	0.1342	0.1074	0.0859	0.0687	0.0550	0.0440	0.0352

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TABLE - 2 : PRESENT VALUE OF AN ANNUITY OF RUPEE ONE

								:	10	:												
YEAR	15	10.3797	9.7122	9.1079	8.5595	8.0607	7.6061	7.1909	6.8109	6.4624	6.1422	5.8474	5.5755	5.3242	5.0916	4.8759	4.6755	4.4890	4.3152	4.1530	4.0013	3.8593
YEAR	4	9.8986	9.2950	8.7455	8.2442	7.7862	7.3667	6.9819	6.6282	6.3025	6.0021	5.7245	5.4675	5.2293	5.0081	4.8023	4.6106	4.4317	4.2646	4.1082	3.9616	3.8241
YEAR	13	9.3936	8.8527	8.3577	7.9038	7.4869	7.1034	6.7499	6.4235	6.1218	5.8424	5.5831	5.3423	5.1183	4.9095	4.7147	4.5327	4.3624	4.2028	4.0530	3.9124	3.7801
YEAR	5	8.8633	8.3838	7.9427	7.5361	7.1607	6.8137	6.4924	6.1944	5.9176	5.6603	5.4206	5,1971	4.9884	4.7932	4.6105	4.4392	4.2784	4.1274	3.9852	3.8514	3.7251
YEAR	÷	8.3064	7.8869	7.4987	7,1390	6.8052	6.4951	6.2065	5.9377	5.6869	5.4527	5.2337	5.0286	4.8364	4.6560	4.4865	4.3271	4.1769	4.0354	3.9018	3.7757	3.6564
YEAR	10	7.7217	7.3601	7.0236	6.7101	6.4177	6.1446	5.8892	5.6502	5.4262	5.2161	5.0188	4.8332	4.6586	4.4941	4.3389	4.1925	4.0541	3.9232	3.7993	3.6819	3.5705
YEAR	თ	7.1078	6.8017	6.5152	6.2469	5.9952	5.7590	5.5370	5.3282	5.1317	4.9464	4.7716	4.6065	4.4506	4.3030	4.1633	4.0310	3.9054	3.7863	3.6731	3.5655	3.4631
YEAR	8	6.4632	6.2098	5.9713	5.7466	5.5348	5.3349	5.1461	4.9676	4.7988	4.6389	4.4873	4.3436	4.2072	4.0776	3.9544	3,8372	3.7256	3.6193	3.5179	3.4212	3.3289
YEAR	2	5.7864	5.5824	5.3893	5.2064	5.0330	4.8684	4.7122	4.5638	4.4226	4.2883	4.1604	4.0386	3.9224	3.8115	3.7057	3.6046	3.5079	3.4155	3.3270	3.2423	3.1611
YEAR	9	5.0757	4.9173	4.7665	4.6229	4.4859	4.3553	4.2305	4.1114	3.9975	3.8887	3.7845	3.6847	3.5892	3.4976	3.4098	3.3255	3.2446	3.1669	3.0923	3.0205	2.9514
YEAR	ю	4.3295	4.2124	4.1002	3.9927	3.8897	3.7908	3.6959	3.6048	3.5172	3.4331	3.3522	3.2743	3.1993	3.1272	3.0576	2.9906	2.9260	2.8636	2.8035	2.7454	2.6893
YEAR	4	3.5460	3.4651	3.3872	3.3121	3.2397	3.1699	3.1024	3.0374	2.9745	2.9137	2.8550	2.7982	2.7432	2.6901	2.6386	2.5887	2.5404	2.4936	2.4483	2.4043	2.3616
YEAR	e	2.7232	2.6730	2.6243	2.5771	2.5313	2.4869	2.4437	2.4019	2.3612	2.3216	2.2832	2.2459	2.2096	2.1743	2.1399	2.1065	2.0739	2.0422	2.0114	1.9813	1.9520
YEAR	2	1.8594	1.8334	1.8080	1.7833	1.7591	1.7355	1.7125	1.6901	1.6681	1.6467	1.6257	1.6052	1.5852	1.5656	1.5465	1.5278	1.5095	1.4915	1.4740	1.4568	1.4400
YEAR	-	0.9524	0.9434	0.9346	0.9259	0.9174	0.9091	0.9009	0.8929	0.8850	0.8772	0.8696	0.8621	0.8547	0.8475	0.8403	0.8333	0.8264	0.8197	0.8130	0.8065	0.8000
RATE		5%	%9	7%	8%	6%	10%	11%	12%	13%	14%	15%	16%	17%	18%	19%	20%	21%	22%	23%	24%	25%

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