



### THE INSTITUTE OF Company Secretaries of India भारतीय कम्पनी सचिव संस्थान

IN PURSUIT OF PROFESSIONAL EXCELLENCE Statutory body under an Act of Parliament (Under the jurisdiction of Ministry of Corporate Affairs)

# GST RETURNS

The Central Goods and Services Tax Rules, 2017 have prescribed different forms to be filled by a registered person. A summarised list has been given below:

Forms	Applicability	Type	Timeline
GSTR-1	Every registered person (other than	Outward	Monthly return-On or before
	an ISD, a non-resident taxable	Supplies-	11th of the subsequent month
	person and a person paying tax	Monthly/Q	Quarterly return- On or
	under the provisions of section	uarterly	before last day of the
	10/51/52 of CGST Act, 2017)	Return	subsequent month
GSTR-3B	Every registered person (other than	Monthly	On or before 20th of the
	an ISD, a non-resident taxable	Return	subsequent month
	person and a person paying tax		
	under the provisions of section		
COUD 4	10/51/52 of CGST Act, 2017)	O	W7:41: 10 dans after the and
GSTR-4	Every Registered Composition	Quarterly Return	Within 18 days after the end
	Supplier (section 10 of CGST Act, 2017)	Retuin	of each quarter
GSTR-5	Every Registered non - resident	Inward and	On or before 20th of the
Gories	Taxable Person	Outward	subsequent month
		Supplies	
GSTR-5A	Non-resident OIDAR services	Monthly	On or before 20th of the
	providers	Return	subsequent month
GSTR-6	Every Input Service Distributor	Details of	On or before 13th of the
	(ISD)	Tax invoices	subsequent month
GSTR-7	Every Registered Person deducting	Details of	On or before 10th of the
	tax at source (section 51 of CGST	TDS	subsequent month
	Act, 2017)		
GSTR-8	Every E-commerce operator	Details of	
	required to collect tax (section 52 of	TCS	subsequent month
COULD	CGST Act, 2017)	A	21 et De couch en ef e cot
GSTR-9	Every registered person (other than an ISD, a non-resident taxable	Annual Return	31st December of next
	person and a person paying tax	Retuin	Financial year
	under the provisions of section		
	10/51/52 of CGST Act, 2017)		
GSTR-9A	Every Registered Composition	Annual	31st December of next
	Supplier	Return	Financial year
GSTR-9C	Every registered person (other than	Reconciliati	31st December of next
	an ISD, a non-resident taxable	on statement	Financial year
	person and a person paying tax	&	
	under the provisions of section	Certification	
	10/51/52 of CGST Act, 2017)		
GSTR-10	Taxable Person whose registration	Final Return	Within three months of the
	has been cancelled or surrendered		date of cancellation or date of
			order of cancellation, whichever is later
			willchever is later

# GST SAHAJ & SUGAM RETURNS

The Government has announced the simplified GST returns (Sahaj & Sugam) filing mechanism which will be introduced for taxpayers with a turnover below Rs. 5 crores with effect from 1st April, 2020. These returns would require lesser information to be declared as when compared to a regular taxpayer. It will entirely replace the existing GSTR-1 & GSTR-3B returns.

#### **TYPES OF RETURN**

Туре	Eligibility	Filing and Payments	Frequency	Forms
Sahaj	<ul> <li>Aggregate turnover during preceding financial year is up to Rs. 5 Crore</li> <li>Taxpayer is making supplies only to consumers, (B2C) or/and</li> <li>Have inward supplies on which tax is payable on reverse charge basis (RCM)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Pay tax liabilities on Monthly basis for first two months of each quarter through Form GST PMT-08, and in the third month, the taxpayer can pay tax and file RET-2</li> <li>Furnish outward supplies details on continuous basis</li> <li>File return on quarterly basis in Form GST RET-2</li> <li>Note: You cannot claim provisional ITC on missing invoices</li> </ul>	Quarterly	Form GST RET-2
Sugam	<ul> <li>Aggregate turnover during the preceding financial year is up to Rs. 5 Crore</li> <li>Taxpayer is making outward supplies to registered persons (B2B) &amp; supplies to consumers, (B2C) and</li> <li>Have inward supplies on which tax is payable on reverse charge basis (RCM)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Pay tax liabilities on Monthly basis for first two months of each quarter through Form GST PMT-08, and in the third month, the taxpayer can pay tax and file RET-3</li> <li>Furnish outward supplies details on continuous basis</li> <li>File return on quarterly basis in Form GST RET-3</li> <li>Note: You cannot claim provisional ITC on Missing invoices</li> </ul>	Quarterly	Form GST RET-3
Quarterly (Normal)	<ul> <li>Aggregate turnover during the preceding financial year is up to Rs. 5 Crore</li> <li>Taxpayer is making all kinds of supplies, including reverse charge supplies</li> </ul>			Form GST RET-1

Monthly (normal)	<ul> <li>Aggregate turnover during the preceding financial year is greater than Rs. 5 Crore</li> <li>Taxpayer is making all kinds of supplies, including reverse charge supplies</li> </ul>		Monthly	Form GST RET-1
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#### > Return Frequency

- The taxpayer can file their returns either monthly or quarterly basis in the New Return regime.
- Taxpayer whose aggregate turnover is more than Rs. 5 crores in the preceding financial year may file the monthly return.
- Taxpayer whose aggregate turnover is up to Rs. 5 crores in the preceding financial year have option to file return on the quarterly or monthly basis.
- The frequency of filing returns may be changed by the taxpayer from monthly to quarterly or vice versa by exercising this option.

#### > Changing Return Frequency

To change return frequency, navigate to Returns > Manage Return Profile (Trial) > Change Return Frequency.

### > Return Type

If the return frequency is selected as quarterly, then the taxpayer can change the return type as either Quarterly (Normal), Sahaj or Sugam, based on the types of their transactions. Taxpayer whose aggregate turnover was more than Rs. 5 crores, in the preceding financial year, has to file Monthly (Normal) return.

#### > Changing Return Type

To change return frequency, navigate to **Returns > Manage Return Profile** (Trial) > Change Return Type.

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