

# CSEET

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## COMMUNIQUE

(e-bulletin)

MAY 2021



**THE INSTITUTE OF  
Company Secretaries of India**

**भारतीय कम्पनी सचिव संस्थान**

**IN PURSUIT OF PROFESSIONAL EXCELLENCE**

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# CSEET COMMUNIQUE (e-bulletin)

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*“When everything seems to be against you, remember that the airplane takes off against the wind, not with it.”*  
~ Henry Ford

**Dear Students,**

At the outset, let me begin with the hope, wish and prayer that all of you and your family members are faring well in these trying times. Needless to say, the second wave of the pandemic has been far more challenging for each one of us, testing us in ways unprecedented. While many of us have been impacted personally, others have had to witness the persons cherished by us face similar trials and tribulations. With a heavy heart as I extend my wishes to all of you, I firmly believe that it is our combined strength and resilience that shall make our journey ahead easier.

However, as a professional and sharing my thoughts with the professionals of tomorrow, I believe that true professionalism lies not in a qualification but in the perseverance, patience, grit and the ability to march ahead even in the roughest of terrains. It is with this very thought that your Institute undertook all possible measures to render the Company Secretary Executive Entrance Test (CSEET) possible in remote proctored mode. It gives me a great sense of pride and pleasure to have witnessed the resolute persistence and determination of the students who took the Examination against all odds.

Understanding the need of the hour, the Institute has made efforts by requesting the Ministry of Corporate Affairs to provide temporary relaxation be provided to the Students who have qualified CS Executive Entrance Test (CSEET) and are scheduled to appear in the 12th Examinations in 2021 conducted by the Central and State Boards, to seek provisional registration to the Executive Programme subject to submission of proof of passing the 10+2 examinations within six months from the date of such provisional registration to the Executive Programme.

Friends, quoting Albert Einstein, “Intellectual growth should commence at birth and cease only at death.” For each one of us, realizing the significance of continued learning, transcending the times is what is expected of us. And it is with this thought and intent, the Institute is not only updating the existing study material but is also rolling out mock tests in a series manner. I would advise all of you to pursue your journey of learning and knowledge attainment so as to sharpen your axes well in time for the actual work.

At ICSI as we have always believed that “Together we can. Together we will”, so always be hopeful, Stay Safe, Stay Healthy!!!

With warm regards,

**(CS Nagendra D. Rao)**

*President*

The Institute of Company Secretaries of India

# Audio Visual Communication - An Indispensable Element of Communication\*

## Introduction

Audio visual communication is a productive form of communication. Using sound and lighting equipment improves communication by increasing the awareness of audience's sight and hearing. Audiences who use more of their senses to engage at events remember those events for a longer period of time. Their retention of the event material 3 days after an event is 6 times greater when the information is presented using creative audio visual (AV).

It is to be noted that not all people are auditory learners who can obtain information from lectures and speeches. Many people are visual learners who respond better to still or moving images. It is the combination of sight and sound that promotes and reinforces this retention, and enables an audience to better connect to the brand or message. AV makes it easier for audience to psychologically access and remember information once they have left the event.

Audio-Visual aids in business communication and training help in numerous ways. They can make complex pieces of information easier to understand. They let viewers see products, rather than having to imagine them from verbal or written descriptions. They can summarize long topics into bite-size concepts.

## Significance of Audio Visual Communication

The significance of audio visual communication are as under:

### 1. Helps Retain Information

Training agencies use a combination of sight and sound together with written handouts, as these are necessary for information retention. Information presented orally and visually is proven to be retained longer than when it is only presented orally. This is also probably the reason why lectures in training sessions consist of audiovisual aids.

### 2. Provides Efficient Communication

Audiovisual aids are the key to communicating efficiently. There are types of information that are better conveyed with the use of graphics rather than in writing or orally. The use of charts, diagrams, graphs, videos, animation and other forms of audiovisual presentation are an effective way to deliver a message without taking so much time. It also prevents information overload, as large chunks of data can be simplified, making them easier to comprehend while time is put to good use.

*\* Dr. Akinchan Buddhodev Sinha, Deputy Director, The ICSI.*

*Views expressed in the Article are the sole expression of the Author and may not express the views of the Institute.*

### 3. Better Understanding of New Information

It is high time to take advantage of technological advancements in making use of audiovisual presentations. Technology has offered various ways to deliver information effectively. Businesses should also use it for improved communication. In training sessions, images in addition to words help trainees understand concepts easier. Audiovisual aids can catch the attention and have a powerful effect in terms of transferring ideas.

### 4. Simplifies Complex Reports

Audiovisual aids also help in understanding reports better and easier. These days, it is hard to imagine a technical report presented only in text format, without any graphical content. Graphics help illustrate what words say, and as the saying goes, “a picture paints a thousand words.” Relevant and well-designed presentations are crucial in reporting, so it is also vital that workers know how to carefully create an audiovisual aid.

Audiovisual aids can be presented using a variety of equipment, from LCD to film projectors, and many other options. Companies invest in equipment such as a projector, a projector mount, computers and similar items because they know that these are vital for effective communication. Whether they are used for meetings, product presentations or training sessions, audiovisual aids should be carefully planned and presented. It is important to keep the aids simple but appealing. Text should be written in bullet points rather than in paragraph form. Overall, the content should catch the audience’s attention, build their interest and also inform them.

### Conclusion

Strong communication is the backbone of small business success. Whether internally or externally, the ability to express business needs and goals is what drives a company forward. Staff need to be able to effectively relay information to customers, while managers need to be able to efficiently outline their expectations to their employees.

Implementing audio-visual solutions into the workplace can give business a communicative edge. Products such as touchscreens and digital signage make it easier for information to be passed between varying departments as well as to customers. Thus, audio visual communication holds the key of effective communication.

### References:

1. <https://executivepa.com/the-importance-of-audio-visual/#:~:text=Audio%20visual%20communication%20is%20a,a%20longer%20period%20of%20time>
2. <https://smallbusiness.chron.com/audio-visual-aids-business-communication-694.html>

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## Scenario of Small Finance Banks in India\*

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### Introduction

Since 2005, India has actively pursued the policy of financial inclusion. As part of this policy, the Reserve Bank of India has embraced numerous measures, which among others, include opening bank branches in unbanked areas, roping in business correspondents and facilitators for ensuring last mile connectivity of banking, and opening small business accounts linked to debit cards to promote financial inclusion along with financial literacy.

The introduction of Board-approved financial inclusion plans in 2010 have given a definite direction and structure to the endeavors for financial inclusion. The alignment of the financial inclusion plan objectives with those laid out as part of the Pradhan Mantri Jan-Dhan Yojana in 2014 has provided a mission mode to these efforts.

Alongside the efforts to introduce new products and platforms, the Reserve Bank has introduced newer institutional variants for promoting financial inclusion. One such institution has been the Small Finance Banks (SFBs). The specific mandate assigned to SFBs is to further the cause of financial inclusion by (i) providing savings vehicles, and (ii) supplying credit to small business units, including small and marginal farmers, micro and small industries; and other unorganised sector entities, and various low income groups and the migrant work force through high technology-low cost operations.

Small Finance Banks can be defined as differentiated financial institutions, considering their focus on serving the population with small finance needs. They have been set up in the private sector, and thus, differ from Regional Rural Banks (RRBs) - banking institutions created with the objective of including the under-served sections with predominant government shareholding.

Small finance banks came into existence after 2016 and were set up with the aim of furthering financial inclusion to the unbanked and under-served areas and customers. There are 10 entities that had started SFB (Small Finance Banks) operations, of which three are listed. The list of small finance banks is provided in the exhibit 1

*\*Dr. Akinchan Buddhodev Sinha, Deputy Director, The ICSI.*

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**Exhibit 1****List of Small Finance Banks**

S.No.	Name of Banks
1	Au Small Finance Bank Ltd.
2	Capital Small Finance Bank Ltd
3	Fincare Small Finance Bank Ltd.
4	Equitas Small Finance Bank Ltd
5	ESAF Small Finance Bank Ltd.
6	Suryoday Small Finance Bank Ltd.
7	Ujjivan Small Finance Bank Ltd.
8	Utkarsh Small Finance Bank Ltd.
9	North East Small finance Bank Ltd
10	Jana Small Finance Bank Ltd

**Source: Reserve Bank of India**

**Financial Performance and Financial Succor**

One of the creditable features associated with micro finance has been its lower loan defaults, which have been made possible by better management and supervision of the credit portfolio through the employment of social collateral of self-help groups. SFBs, many of which were erstwhile NBFC-MFIs, too have reported low NPA ratios.

Small finance banks (SFBs) have been able to keep non-performing assets (NPAs) under control through relatively better management of their portfolios according to a report released by the Reserve Bank of India. In the wake of second wave of Covid-19 infections, the Reserve Bank of India announced a three-year special long-term funding facility for small finance banks to ensure lending support to micro and small businesses.

With reference to the loan portfolio, small finance banks reported a greater concentration of loans to agriculture, trade and professional services. These three sectors accounted for about 65% of the total credit of SFBs in March 2020 as compared to scheduled commercial banks which lent about 66% of their credit to industry, personal loans and finance.

As on 31 March 2020, about 41% of total loans by small finance banks were to small businesses, as per RBI data. The same for public sector banks, private banks and foreign banks put together, was at 17%. However, bad loan status of small finance banks in the near future, as in case of other banks, will depend on various regulatory interventions, including the moratorium and the resolution framework, introduced to address covid-related stress. Besides, for small businesses, the covid-19 resolution framework has been

aligned with the existing restructuring package, ensuring a continued regulatory support to these businesses, which form a major part of the loan portfolio of SFBs.

A Rs. 10,000 crore targeted long term repo facility is being opened for small finance banks. Funds availed via this window can be used for on-lending of up to Rs 10 lakh per borrower. Small finance banks have been acting as the last-mile supply of credit to individuals and small businesses.

The special window, as mentioned above, has been announced to provide further support to small business units, micro and small industries, and other unorganised sector entities who are adversely affected during the second wave of the pandemic. The mentioned approach would not only assist small finance banks to meet their liquidity needs but also in raising funds at a low cost.

### Areas to Focus Upon

While the deposit base of SFBs has been expanding, they still have a long distance to cover as compared to other banks in mobilisation of current and savings accounts (CASA). Also, the rapid growth in the branch network of SFBs has been markedly concentrated in the southern, western and northern regions, which are known as the relatively well-banked regions in the country. Their penetration in the north-eastern region, which is known to be the least banked region, remains low. In this regard, the following points need to be focused upon-

- i) **Rapid growth in branch network of small finance banks:** The branch network of small finance banks has grown rapidly since its inception, but this growth is concentrated in the southern, western and northern regions, which are relatively well-facilitated banking facilities. Banks have a low penetration in the north-eastern region with low attendance.
- ii) **Only 18% of branches of small finance banks in rural centers:** According to a research paper prepared by the Reserve Bank of India it is stated that branches of small finance banks are mainly concentrated in urban or semi-urban centers or especially Tier 1 to Tier 3 cities with a population of more than 20 thousand. Centers are limited and small finance banks had only 18 percent branches in March 2020 in Tier 5-6 (rural) centers with a population of less than 10 thousand people.
- iii) **Less number of small finance banks:** In 2014, the Reserve Bank of India issued licensing guidelines for small finance banks, after which 10 small finance banks have commenced operations so far. The number of branches of small finance banks enhanced to 4,307 by March 2020, while their share in total financial sector assets was only 0.4 percent in 2019.

### Conclusion

Small finance banks are playing a crucial role in the process of financial inclusion but they have to go far. As mentioned above their penetration in rural India is quite less and it's the majority of rural population which is still need to be covered under the formal banking structure. However, its efficient non-performing assets (NPA) management is an indicator of financial sustainability and growth. It may be opined that once the brand of small finance banks will enhance more and more people will show inclination towards it, thereby leading to increase in depositors base and its proliferation into rural areas.

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1. [https://rbidocs.rbi.org.in/rdocs/Bulletin/PDFs/03AR\\_210120212BC2FC1545224117A436F2F2A0F83A4D.PDF](https://rbidocs.rbi.org.in/rdocs/Bulletin/PDFs/03AR_210120212BC2FC1545224117A436F2F2A0F83A4D.PDF)
2. <https://www.financialexpress.com/industry/banking-finance/small-finance-banks-low-npa-ratio-reflects-better-credit-risk-management-rbi/2176001/>
3. <https://www.bloombergquint.com/business/small-finance-banks-get-rs-10000-crore-facility-for-on-lending-to-small-businesses>
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## Current Affairs\*

- **Startup India Seed Fund Scheme**

Government of India launched the Startup India Seed Fund Scheme (SISFS) with an aim to provide financial assistance to startups for proof of concept, prototype development, product trials, market entry, and commercialization. The Scheme was announced by the Hon'ble Prime Minister, Shri Narendra Modi on 16th January 2021 in his Grand Plenary address of 'Prarambh: Startup India International Summit', marking the five-year anniversary of the Startup India initiative. Rs. 945 Crore corpus will be divided over the next 4 years for providing seed funding to eligible startups through eligible incubators across India. The scheme is expected to support an estimated 3,600 startups through 300 incubators.

*For details: <https://pib.gov.in/PressReleaseDetailm.aspx?PRID=1712699>*

- **Cabinet approves Production Linked Incentive (PLI) Scheme for White Goods (Air Conditioners and LED Lights)**

Union Cabinet in its meeting held on April 07, 2021 approved the Production Linked Incentive (PLI) Scheme for White Goods (Air Conditioners and LED Lights) with a budgetary outlay of Rs. 6,238 crore.

The prime objective of the PLI scheme is to make manufacturing in India globally competitive by removing sectoral disabilities, creating economies of scale and ensuring efficiencies. It is designed to create complete component ecosystem in India and make India an integral part of the global supply chains. The scheme is expected to attract global investments, generate large scale employment opportunities and enhance exports substantially.

*For details: <https://pib.gov.in/PressReleaseDetailm.aspx?PRID=1710116>*

- **G7 Leaders' Summit 2021**

The G7 Leaders' Summit in 2021 is presided over by the UK and aims to unite leading democracies to help the world build back better from the COVID-19 pandemic and create a greener, more prosperous future. The summit will be held on June 11-13, 2021.

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The UK Presidency of the G7 aims to build back better from the COVID-19 pandemic by:

- leading the global recovery from the coronavirus while strengthening resilience against future pandemics;
- promoting future prosperity by championing free and fair trade;
- tackling climate change and preserving the planet's biodiversity; and
- championing global shared values.

The seven G7 countries are Canada, France, Germany, Italy, Japan, the UK and the US. Represented jointly by the President of the European Council and the President of the European Commission, the EU participates in all discussions as a guest. The UK has also invited leaders from Australia, India and South Korea to attend the Leaders' Summit as guest countries.

*For details: <http://sdg.iisd.org/events/g7-leaders-summit-2021/>*

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## Sample Questions

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### Paper 1 : Business Communication

1. The proverb, Birds of a feather flock together means:
  - a. From one trouble to another big trouble
  - b. Said of something impossible
  - c. People of like character come together
  - d. One never loses hope
2. A well-written \_\_\_\_\_ delivers the most important information, without the recipient even having to open the email.
  - a. Salutation
  - b. Subject line
  - c. Message
  - d. None of the above
3. Choose the most appropriate meaning of the idiom:  
A fair weather friend
  - a. A loyal friend
  - b. A friend in all times
  - c. A friend who cares
  - d. A friend who deserts in difficult times
4. Arrange the following jumbled sentences in a meaningful paragraph:
  - a. and investment treaties pertaining to crucial resources like
  - b. increasingly essential, such as telecommunications
  - c. a lot of arbitration today is centered on trade agreements
  - d. oil, gas, energy, and water as well as services that are
  - a. CBAD
  - b. DABC
  - c. DACB
  - d. CADB

5. Memo is a type of \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a. Written communication
  - b. Audio visual communication
  - c. Audio communication
  - d. Oral communication
6. The specialised or technical words used in specific fields is called:
  - a. Jargon
  - b. Codes
  - c. Terms
  - d. Intranet

Based on the following passage, answer questions 7 to 10.

How often do we remember to treat others as you would like them to treat you? In our quest to get more and more, we forget that the quality of our lives depends on the kind of personalities we have cultivated for ourselves. Genes might play a role when it comes to one's disposition, but the major portion of our attitudes and behaviour is influenced by the choices we make. So in the beginning of every year should you resolve to make more money, learn a new language, travel more frequently then you must discontinue to be the same grumpy, impatient soul you always were, should you then not seek to refine your character, focus on nuances like how you treat people, react to challenges and deal with stressful situations? For most people such a course would yield rich results.

According to Mary Thomas, usually our New Year resolutions remain unachieved because we try to achieve the impossible or, sometimes, just add more goals that we wish to accomplish to the list of resolutions, but, strangely, we do not remember much about them during the course of the year as we do not seem to value them enough to complete them. The better option would be to address something fundamental to you, to who you really are, and go ahead with completing them instead of making any drastic resolutions which you will never be able to fulfil. You could resolve to be a better person by having a positive attitude towards people you come across in life. This could involve being nice with the lady who cleans the house, or your colleague who sits near you, but you never interacted with. Another trick is to acknowledge people for the value they add to your personal or professional life. By extending basic courtesies to people around you, you add value to your life and that pays off in the long run.

Sometimes, we know that there is room for improvement as far as our personalities are concerned but we have little or no idea where to make the start. An easy starting point could be to look for opportunities in one's immediate surroundings. One positive starting point could be taking a positive attitude towards life and dispelling all negative thoughts. You could make a positive beginning by being a better person at work. This means treating everyone with respect. You should not only interact politely, but also value each person's ideas however far removed they may be, to your

own. After all, your friend's ideas are an integral part of the organisation to which both of you belong. Inculcating this habit of making an effort to talk to people you would normally not have to interact with on a daily basis, would make you a better person at the workplace.

Also, you do not have to do something extraordinary to prove your good intentions. Just greeting or smiling at your colleagues first thing in the morning could always brighten someone's day. These are simple things that we are taught while growing but tend to forget as we move through life. So essentially, being better is an exercise in learning to be nice, and you will see that playing nice will get your work done better than scolding or frowning or passing orders.

A purposeful life should contain skills that lead to practical changes. After all, no people are alike, so why should your ideas be the only right solution? A company, where individual differences are nurtured, information is not suppressed, soon becomes a workplace that adds value to its employees, rather than merely extracting work out of them. It makes workers feel intrinsically rewarded. It is, therefore, imperative that co-workers and partners share a camaraderie that transcends mere professional conduct and delivery. Thus, for a person who wishes to remain happy and content, it is as valuable to spend time on nurturing qualities like friendship and consideration as it is on acquiring skills and knowledge.

7. The quality of our lives depends on ..... .
  - a. the personalities we have cultivated for ourselves
  - b. the number of New Year resolutions we make
  - c. the challenges that people give us
  - d. None of the above
8. Our New Year resolutions remain unfulfilled, according to Mary Thomas, because we ..... .
  - a. make too many resolutions
  - b. add more goals than what we can accomplish
  - c. get caught up with our studies
  - d. feel happy about them
9. To add value to your life you ..... .
  - a. must earn more money
  - b. become more hardworking
  - c. should be nice to the people in your immediate surroundings
  - d. only (ii) and (iii)
10. Workers feel intrinsically rewarded if ..... .
  - a. they are given bonuses
  - b. their work is given recognition
  - c. their individual differences are acknowledged
  - d. none of the above.

## Paper 2 : Legal Aptitude and Logical Reasoning

11. Article 19(1), of the Constitution, guarantees to the citizens of India \_\_\_\_\_ freedoms.
  - a. Four
  - b. Six
  - c. Eight
  - d. Nine
12. Article 51A imposes the fundamental duties on every \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a. Resident of State
  - b. Resident of India
  - c. Citizen of India
  - d. Non-Resident Indian
13. Which of the following is a tribunal under Companies Act, 2013 ?
  - a. NCLT
  - b. Competition Appellate Tribunal
  - c. Central Appellate Tribunal
  - d. TRAI
14. Goods and Services Tax (GST) has commenced with the enactment of the \_\_\_\_\_ Constitution Amendment Act, 2016
  - a. 98<sup>th</sup>
  - b. 99<sup>th</sup>
  - c. 100<sup>th</sup>
  - d. 101<sup>st</sup>
15. When the rights and obligations arising out of a contract are extinguished, it is said:
  - a. Discharged or terminated
  - b. Fulfilled or completed
  - c. Completed or fulfilled
  - d. Executed and Executory

16. Arrange the words given below in a meaningful sequence
1. Bill    2. Act    3. Amendment    4. Legislature
- a. 1,4,2,3  
b. 2,1,3,4  
c. 2,3,4,1  
d. 1,2,3,4
17. Choose the odd one
- a. Banana  
b. Apple  
c. Orange  
d. Guava
18. MESSE is coded as 13519195, in the same pattern, then DOG is coded as \_\_\_\_\_ .
- a. 2214  
b. 7514  
c. 7154  
d. 4157
19. 'MWF' as coded as 'OYH' then 'TTS' is coded as \_\_\_\_\_ .
- a. VVU  
b. UUV  
c. VVV  
d. UUT
20. Look at this series: 2, 5, 10, 17, 26, \_\_\_\_\_ What number should come next?
- a. 31  
b. 33  
c. 37  
d. 45

## Paper 3 : Economic and Business Environment

21. Economic and Business Environment
- \_\_\_\_\_ is an online procurement platform for government ministries and departments, and the most widely used channel for public procurement in India.
- Government e Manufacturing Plan
  - Government e Model place
  - Government e Marketplace
  - Government e Manufacturing place
22. The Law of Demand governs the relationship between the \_\_\_\_\_ and the \_\_\_\_\_.
- Desire and Price
  - Desire and Ability.
  - Quantity demanded and Desire.
  - Quantity demanded and Price.
23. "The Products in the market are homogeneous, i.e., they are completely identical", is an assumption under which of the following forms of market competition?
- Oligopoly
  - Monopolistic Competition
  - Perfect Competition
  - Duopoly
24. \_\_\_\_\_ is an index of price changes of goods and services included in GDP.
- GDP Deflator
  - GDP Inflator
  - GDP Multiplier
  - GDP Accelerator
25. \_\_\_\_\_ account for flows of those transactions where the government is merely acting as a banker.
- Consolidated Fund
  - Contingency Fund
  - Public Account
  - None of the above

26. Competition Commission of India is affiliated office of\_\_\_\_\_.
- Ministry of Finance
  - Ministry of Corporate Affairs
  - Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation
  - Ministry of Agriculture
27. If  $ep < 1$ , it signifies:
- Relatively Inelastic Demand
  - Perfectly Elastic Demand
  - Perfectly Inelastic Demand
  - Unitary Elastic Demand
28. Small Finance Banks are licensed under Section 22 of the \_\_\_\_\_
- Banking Regulation Act, 1949
  - Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881
  - Reserve Bank of India Act, 1935
  - Indian Contract Act, 1872
29. The formula to calculate Personal Income is:
- National Income - Undistributed Corporate Profits - Profit Taxes - Social Security Contribution + Transfer Payments + Interest on Public Debt
  - National Income - Undistributed Corporate Profits + Profit Taxes - Social Security Contribution - Interest on Public Debt
  - National Income + Undistributed Corporate Profits + Profit Taxes + Social Security Contribution
  - National Income - Undistributed Corporate Profits + Profit Taxes - Social Security Contribution - Transfer Payments
30. If the total expenditure of the government exceeds its total revenue and non-revenue receipts in a financial year, then that gap is the \_\_\_\_\_ for the financial year.
- Monetary Deficit
  - Fiscal Deficit
  - Capital Deficit
  - Turnover Deficit

## Paper 4 : Current Affairs

31. Who among the following has been appointed as the deputy governor of RBI?
  - a. T N Rao
  - b. T Rabi Shankar
  - c. Venugopal Menon
  - d. Shashi Iyer
32. Recently, the Cabinet has given its approval for strategic disinvestment in which bank?
  - a. SBI
  - b. IDBI
  - c. Bank of India
  - d. Bank of Baroda
33. N Rangasamy took oath as the Chief Minister of which state/ UT on May 7th?
  - a. Kerala
  - b. Tamil Nadu
  - c. Puducherry
  - d. None of the Above
34. Who is newly elected Chief Minister of State of Tamil Nadu?
  - a. Mamta Banerjee
  - b. M K Stalin
  - c. Edappadi Palaniswami
  - d. M Karunanidhi
35. Former Attorney General of India Soli Sorabjee passed away on April 30, 2021. When he first appointed as Attorney General of India?
  - a. 1979
  - b. 1989
  - c. 1999
  - d. 1982
36. The Lieutenant Governor of which Union Territory will now have primacy over the elected government?
  - a. Jammu & Kashmir

- b. Delhi
  - c. Puducherry
  - d. Chandigarh
37. Which e-learning platform has been featured in Time Magazine's 2021 list of 100 most influential companies?
- a. Edukart
  - b. Unacademy
  - c. Toppr
  - d. BYJU's
38. Pradhan Mantri Garib Kalyan Package for 'Corona Warriors' has been extended for how long?
- a. One Year
  - b. Two Year
  - c. Six Months
  - d. Three Months
39. Who has been named Wisden Almanack's ODI cricketer of the 2010s decade?
- a. MS Dhoni
  - b. AB De Villiers
  - c. Virat Kohli
  - d. Ben Stokes
40. Which company will be acquiring Cleartrip Travel Company?
- a. Amazon
  - b. Google
  - c. Flipkart
  - d. Facebook

**Answer Key:**

Questions	Answers	Questions	Answers	Questions	Answers	Questions	Answers
1	c	11	b	21	c	31	b
2	b	12	c	22	d	32	b
3	d	13	a	23	c	33	c
4	d	14	d	24	a	34	b
5	a	15	a	25	c	35	b
6	a	16	a	26	b	36	b
7	a	17	a	27	a	37	d
8	b	18	d	28	a	38	a
9	c	19	a	29	a	39	c
10	c	20	c	30	b	40	c

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## Motto

सत्यं वद | धर्मं चर।

इण्डाके तेड त्रुथे. ओवेडे ह्यु तेड लॉ.

## Vision

"To be a global leader in promoting good corporate governance"

## Mission

"To develop high calibre professionals facilitating good corporate governance"



**THE INSTITUTE OF  
Company Secretaries of India**

**भारतीय कम्पनी सचिव संस्थान**

**IN PURSUIT OF PROFESSIONAL EXCELLENCE**

Statutory body under an Act of Parliament

(Under the jurisdiction of Ministry of Corporate Affairs)

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