# THE INDIAN STAMP (MIZORAM AMENDMENT) ACT, 1996

(Act No 4 0f 1997)

(Received the assent of the Governor of Mizoram on the 26<sup>th</sup> March 1997) (Published on the 22<sup>nd</sup> April 1997 in the Mizoram Gazette)

# AN **ACT**

further to amend the Indian Stamp Act, 1899, in its application to the State of Mizoram.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Mizoram in this Forty-Sixth year of the Republic of India as follows:-

- 1. Short title, extent and commencement
  - This Act may be called the Indian Stamp (Mizoram Amendment) Act, 1996.
  - (2) It extends to the whole of the State of Mizoram.
  - (3) It shall come into force at once.
- In Schedule 1 to the Indian Stamp Act, 1899 for Articles 1 to 10, 12, 15-20, 22-2. 26, 28-29, 31, 33-36, 38-46, 48, 50, 51, 54-61 and 64-65 to the following shall be substituted the following and new Articles shall be inserted, namely:

Description of instrument Proper stamp duty "1. ACKNOWLEDGEMENT of a debt, exceeding

twenty rupees in amount

1 of Act 2 0f 1899

Amendment or value written or signed by or on behalf of a of Schedule debtor in order to. supply evidence of such debt in any book (other than a banker's pass book) or on a separates piece of paper when such book or paper is left in the creditor's possession: Provided that such acknowledgement does not contain any promise to pay the debt or any stipulation to pay interest or to deliver any goods or other property.

- "2. ADMINSITATION BOND including a bond given under section 6 of the Government Saving Bank Act, 1873, Act V of 1873 or Section 291 or section 376 of the Indian Succession Act, 1925 (Act XXXIX of 1925)
- (a) Where the amount does not exceed Rs 1.000

The same duty as a bond (No 1) for such

(b) in any other case

"3 ADOPTION-DEED, that is to say, any instrument (other than a will) recording an amount

Thirty rupees

Sixty rupess

Two rupees

adoption, or conferring or purporting to confer an authority to adopt

4. AFFIDAVIT, including and affirmation or Seven rupees declaration in the case of persons by law allowed to affirm or declare instead of swearing

# **Exemptions**

Affidavit or declaration in writing when made –

- (a) as a condition of enlistment under the Indian Army Act, 1950 (Act XLVI of 1950)
- (b) for the immediate purpose of being filed or used in any Court or before the officer of any Court; or.
- (c) for the sole purpose of enabling any person to receive any pension or charitable allowance.

Description of instrument

# 5. AGREEMENT OR MEMORANDUM OF AN AGREEMENT

(a) if relating to the sale of a bill of exchange

(b) if relating to the sale of a Government security

(d) if relating to the purchase or sale of shares, scripts, bonds debentures, debentures stocks or any other marketable security of a like nature in or of any incorporated O!" other body corporate

(i) when such agreement or memorandum of an agreement is with or through a member or between members of stock exchange recognised under the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956:

(ii) in any other case;

- (d) if relating to a sale or lease cum-sale of an immoveable property
- (e) if relating to mortgage-
- i) When possession of the property or or any part of the property comprised in such agreement or

Proper Stamp-duty

25 paise to be substitute in place of two annas

Subject to a maximum of 50 rupees (in place of 10Rs) 25 paise for every Rs10,000 or part(thereof of the value of the security at the time of its purchase or sale, as the case may be.

Twenty Five paise for every Rs. 10,00 or part thereof of the value of the security at the time of its purchase or sale as or sale as the case may be.

Twenty Five paise for every Rs. 10,00 or part thereof of the value of the security at the time of its purchase or sale as or sale as the case may be.

The same duty as a Conveyance (no.23) for the market value.

The same duty as a Conveyance (No.23) or the amount secured by such agreement, records thereof or memorandum.

records thereof or memorandum is given by the executant thereof or agreed to be given;

- (ii) when possession is no given or agreed to be given as aforesaid
- (f) if relating to giving authority or power to a promoter or developer by whatever name called, for construction on, development of, or sale or transfer (in any manner whatsoever) of, any immovable property.
- g) Deposit of title deeds or institutions or 0.5 percent of market value of the property, instruments to financial institutions deposit of deeds or instruments financial to institutions and commercial banks for loans: -

(h) if not otherwise provided for.

## **Exemptions**

- (a) for or relating to the sale of goods or merchandise exclusively not being a Note or memorandum chargeable under article 43:
- (b) made in the form of tenders to the Central Government for or relating to any loan;

Explanation. 1- For the purpose of clause (d) and (f), the provisions of section 4Jl/A shall apply mutatis mutandis to such agreement, records thereof or memorandum as they apply to an instrument under that section;

Explanation II- For the purpose of clause (d) and subsequently (e). where conveyance mortgage, as the case may be, is executed in pursuance of such agreement or memorandum the stamp duty, if any, already paid and recovered all the agreement record thereof or memorandum shall be adjusted towards the total duty leviable on the conveyance or mortgage, as the case may be. If the agreement does not materialise for any reason the duty is liable to be refunded as per prescribed procedure.

Description of instrument

AGREEMENT TO LEASE-Lease (No. 35). "6. AGREEMENTRELATING TO DEPOSIT OF TITLE-DEEDS, PAWN OR PLEDGE, that The same duty as a clause of (b) of Article

The same duty as a conveyance (No.23) for the market value

subject to maximum of Rs 50,000

Five Rupees

Proper stamp-duty

is to say, any instrument evidencing an agreement relating to-

- (1) the deposit of title, deeds or instruments constituting or being evidence of the title to any property whatever C other than a marketable security), or
- (2) The pawn or pledge of moveable property, where such deposit, pawn or pledge has been made by way of security for the repayment of money advanced or to be advanced by way of loan of an existing or future debt -
- (a) if such Joan or debt is repayable on demand or more than three months from the date of the instrument evidencing the agreement-
- (i) if the amount of loan does not exceed Rs. Five Rupees 500;

(ii) if it exceeds Rs. 500 and does not exceed Rs. Ten Rupees

(iii) and for every Rs. 1,000 or part thereof in Ten rupees excess of Rs. 1,000;

(b) if such loan or debt is repayable not more Half the duty payable under, sub-clause (a). than three months from the date of such instrument

**Description of Instruments** 

### **EXEMPTIONS**

Instrument of pawn or pledge of goods if unattested

"7. APPOINTMENT IN EXECUTION OF A POWER-

Whether of trustees or of property, moveable. or immoveable, where made by any writing not being a will -

a) where the value of the property does not Fifty rupees exceed Rs. 1,000;

(b) in any other case

"8 APPRAISEMENT OR VALUATION made otherwise than under an order of the court in the course of a suit -

(a) Where the amount docs not exceed Rs. 1,000

(b) in any other case

### **Exemptions**

(a) Appraisement or valuation made for the

Proper stamp-duty

Eighty-nine rupees

The same duty as a Bond (No 15) for such

Thirty Rupees

amount

information of one party only, and not being in any manner obligatory between parties either by agreement or operation of law.

- (b) Appraisement of crops for the purpose of ascertaining the amount to be given to a landlord as rent
- "9. APPRENTICESHIP--DEED, including every writing relating to the service or tuition of ,any apprentice clerk or servant placed with any master to learn any profession, trade or employment.

# Exemptions

Instrument of apprenticeship executed by a Magistrate under the Apprentices Act. 1961 (Act LII of 1961) or by, which a person is apprenticed by or at the charge of any public charity.

### **Description of Instruments**

13. ARTICLE OF ASSOCIATIOH of a company where, the company has no share capital or nominal share capital or increased share capital.

Exemption: "Section 25 of the Companies Act, 1956" be substituted in place of "section 26 of the Indian Companies Act 1882.

### Note

- 14. A WARD, that is to say, any decision in writing by an. arbitrator or umpire, not being an award directing a partition, on a reference made otherwise than by an order of the Court in the course of a suit.
- 15. BOND (as defined by Section 2(5) not being a Debenture (No. 27) and not being otherwise provided• for by this Act, or by the court Act, 1870 (7 of 1870)

for every Rs. 500 or part thereof

### Exemption

Bond when executed by any person for the . purpose of gUlitanteei'l1g that the local income derived from private subscriptions to charitable dispensary or hospital or any other object of public utility shall not be less than a specified sum per mensem.

16. BOTTOMRY BOND, that is to say, any instrument whereby the master of a sea-going

Thirty Rupees

Proper stamp-duty

One hundred-rupees for every rupees 1,00,000 or part thereof

The same duty as a Bond (No 15) for the amount or value of the property to which the award, relates as set forth in such award subject to a maximum of ninety nine rupees.

One percent, subject to a maximum of Rs 50,000

The same duty as a Bond (No 15) for the amount

ship borrows money on the security of the ship to enable him to preserve the ship or persecute her voyage.

17. CANCELLATION, instrument of (including any instrument by which any instrument previously executed is cancelled), if attested and not otherwise Provided for.

See also RELEASE (No. 55) Revocation of Settlement (No.53-B), Surrender of Lease (No. 61), Revocation of Trust (No. 64-B).

### 19. CERTIFICATE OF SALE

- a) where the purchase money does pot exceed 25 paise (in place of two annas) Rs.10/-
- b) where the purchase money exceed Rs 10/- nut 50 paise (in place of four annas) does not exceed Rs 25/-
- 19. CERTIFICATE OR OTHER DOCUMENT: evidencing the right or title of the holder thereof, or any other person, either to any shares, script or stock in or of any incorporated or become proprietor of shares, script or stock in or of any such company or body.

Exemption: Nominee holding shares in the name of joint share holders without having any beneficial interest in the shares.

20. CHARTERED PARTY that is to say any instrument (except an agreement for the hire of a tug-steamer), whereby a vessel or some specified principal part thereof is let for the specified purposes of chatterer, whether it includes a penalty clause or not.

22. Composition-deed that is to say instrument .01 percentium executed by a debtor whereby he convey his property for the benefit of his creditors or whereby payment of a composition or dividend on their debts is secured to the creditors for whereby provision is made for the continuance of the debtor's business, under the supervision of inspectors nominated by the creditors or under letters of license for the benefit of his creditors.

23. CONVEYANCE (as defined by 2(10) not being a transfer charged or exempted under No. 62

On the true market value of the property which is the subject matter of the conveyance.

Thirty rupees

Ten paise for everyone one hundred rupees or a part thereof of the face value of the shares, script or stock.

Seven rupees

if relating (a) the to property/assignment of debt, for every Rs. 500 or part thereof;

moveable Fifty paise

- (b) if relating to land or non-residential premises situated within the limit of:-
- (i) any rural areas, for every Rs. 500 or part Fifteen rupees thereof:

(ii) transitional areas, for every Rs. 500 or part Twenty five rupees thereof:

(iii) Municipal Councils(other than those such Municipal, councils falling within the limit of Metropolitan area) and cantonments, if any, adjacent to such municipal councils, for every Rs 500 or part thereof;

Thirty rupees

(iv) Municipal Councils falling within the limit of Metropolitan area and Cantonments if any adjacent to such M municipal Councils, for every Rs. 500 or part thereof:

Thirty five rupees.

(v) Municipal corporation (other than municipal corporation falling within the limit metropolitan area) and cantonment if any, adjacent to such municipal corporations, for every Rs 500 or part thereof

(vi) :Municipal Corporations falling within the Forty five rupees. limit of Metropolitan area and Cantonments, if any, adjacent to such Municipal Corporations, for every Rs. 500 or part thereof,

## **Explanation**

For the purposes of clause (b)-(a) "Metropolitan area" means "Metropolitan area" as defined by the clause (d) of article 243p of the Constitution of India.

(b) transitional area, Municipal Council and Municipal Corporation means transitional area, Municipal Council and Municipal Corporations as provided under article 243q of the Constitution of India.

- (c) if relating to both moveable and immoveable The same duty as clause (a) and (b) property;
- (d) if relating to residential premises consisting of building or unit
- (i) where the value of which does not exceed Rs. One hundred rupees 1.00.000:

(ii) where it exceeds Rs. 1,00,000 but does not One percent of the value

exceed" Rs. 2,50,000;

exceed Rs 5,00,000

(iv) where it exceeds Rs 5,00,000 but does not Rs. 12,500 plus 6 percent of the value above exceed Rs 7,50,000

(v) where it exceeds Rs 7,50,000 but does not Rs. 27,500 plus 8 percent of the value above exceed Rs 10.00.000

(vi) where it exceeds Rs 10,00,000

(iii) where it exceeds Rs 2,50,000 but does not Rs. 2,500 plus 4 percent of the value above Rs. 2,50,000.

Rs. 5,00,000.

Rs. 7,50,000.

Rs 7,50,00

Rs 47,500 plus 10 percent of the value above Rs 10,00,000

Provided that a "certificate of value" is given stating that the transfer is not part of a larger transaction, or a series of transactions

## Exemption

Assignment of copyright by entry made under the Copyright Act, 1957 (14 of 1957)

Explanation. I-For the purposes of clause (d)-

- (i) "unit" includes a flat, apartment tenement, block or any other unit by whatever called;
- (ii) where a building consists of units used for both, residential and non-residential purposes, then the concession in duty shall be available in respect of the value of those units in building which are used for residential purposes, and the duty payable in respect of the units in the building which are used for non-residential purposes shall be at the rates specified in clause (b) and (c) on the value of such units;
- (iii) the duty payable shall not exceed the amount of duty payable on such conveyance under clauses (b) and (c).

Explanation II-For each property a certificate of value should be given stating that the transfer is not part of a larger transaction or a series of transactions, for a total price than the slab for which the duty is proposed in the deed for assessment.

Explanation. III- For the purpose of payment of stamp duty is does not matter what type of assets

are received in payment i.e., cash, shares, assumption of debt etc.

- (e) Instruments evidencing transfer of property between companies limited by shares-
- (i) where at least 90 % of the issued share capital Nil of the transferee company is in the beneficial ownership of the transfer or company, or
- (ii) whereby the transfer takes place between a Nil parent company and a subsidiary company one of which is the beneficial owner of not less than 90 % of the issued share capital of the other; or
- (iii) where the transfer takes place between two Nil subsidiary companies of each of which not less than 90 % of the share capital is in the beneficial ownership of a common parent company.

Provided that in each case a certificate is obtained by the parties from the officer appointed in this behalf by the State Government that the conditions above prescribed .are fulfilled.

CO-PARTNERSHIP DEED see Partnership (No.46)

### 24. COPY OR EXTRACT

Certified to be true copy or extract by or by or order of any public officer and not chargeable under the law for the time being in force relating to court-fees.

- (i) if the original was not chargeable with duty, or if the duty with which it was chargeable does not exceed one rupee;
- (ii) if any other case not falling within the Seven rupees provision of section 6A.

#### **Exemptions**

- (a) Copy of any paper which a public officer is expressly required by law to make or furnish for record in any public office or for any public purpose;
- (b) Copy of, or extract from any register relating to births, baptisms, namings, dedication, marriages, divorces, deaths or burials.
- 25. COUNTERPART OR DUPLICATE of any instrument, chargeable with duty and in respect of which the proper duty bas been paid

four rupees

(a) if the duty with which the original instrument The same duty as is payable on the original is chargeable does not exceed two rupees;

(b) in any other case not falling within the Seven rupees provisions of section 6A

# Exemption

Counterpart of any lease granted to a cultivator when such lease is exempted from duty.

#### 26. CUSTOM-BOND-

- (a) where the amount does not exceed Rs. 1,000;
- (b) in any other case

Explanation 2. - Debentures shall include partially convertible debentures also, and the legality of conversion of the designated portion of debenture into shares at a later date will not be affected by the deficiency of stamp duty so long as the difference between the debenture and share issue is paid within one month of such conversion.

### Exemption

The debenture issued by an incorporated company or other body corporate in terms of a registered mortgage -deed starT1ped in respect of the full amount or debentures to be issued thereunder, whereby the company or body borrowing makes over in, whole or in part, their property to trustees for the benefit of the debentures - holders

Provided that the debentures so issued are expressed to be issued in terms of the said mortgage deed for this purposes will carry a uniform advalorem rates of 2 % subject to a monetary ceiling of Rs. 1,50,000 withstanding the rates for mortgages in general levied by the State Government, and shall be registered in the state in which registered office of the concerned company is situated.

28. DELIVERY ORDER IN RES- Two rupees.

PECT OF GOODS that is to say, any instrument entitling any person therein named, or his assigns or the holder thereof, to the delivery of any goods lying in, any dock or port in any warehouse in which goods are stored or

The same duty as bond (No 5) for such amount

Forty rupees

Two rupees

deposited on rent or hire, or upon any wharf, such instrument being signed by or behalf of the owner of such goods upon the sale or transfer of the property therein, when such goods exceed in value twenty rupees.

## DEPOSIT OF TITLE DEEDS

See Agreement relating to Deposit of Title deeds, Pawn or Pledge (No.6).

### DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP

See partnership (No. 46)

29. DIVORCE-Instrument of, that is to say, any Twenty rupees instrument by which any person effects the dissolution of his marriage.

DOWER Instrument of, see settlement (No. 58).

DUPLICATE - See counterpart (No. 25).

31. EXCHANGE OF PROPERTY -Instrument of

Explanation For each property a certificate of value should be given stating that the transfer is not part of a larger transactions, or a series of transactions for a total price more than the slab for which the duty is proposed in the deed for assessment.

33. GIFT-Instrument of not being a settlement (No. 58), will or Transfer (No. 62).

The same duty as a Conveyance (No. 23) for a market value equal to the market value of the property of the greatest value which is the subject matter of exchange

The same duty as a conveyance (No 23) or a consideration equal to the market value of the property as declared by the appropriate authority from time to time.

Provided that where an instrument of gift contains any provision for the revocation of the gift, the value of the property which is the subject matter of the gift, shall for the purpose of duty be determined as if no such provision were contained in the instrument.

- 35. LEASE for immoveable property, including an under lease or sub-lease and any agreement to let or sub-let
- (a) where by such lease the rent is fixed no premium is paid or delivered -
- (b) where the lease purports to be for a term of less than one year;

The same duty as a bond (No. 15) for the whole amount payable or deliverable under such lease.

- (c) where the lease purports to be for a term not less that one year but not more than three year;
- (d) where the lease purports to be for a term exceeding three years and not exceeding ten years;
- (e) where the lease purports to be for a term exceeding ten years and not exceeding twenty nine years;
- (f) where the lease purports to be in excess of twenty nine years or in perpetuity
- (g) where the lease is granted for the fine or for money advanced or to be advanced and where no rent is fixed;
- (c) Where the lease is granted for a fine or premium or for a fine or for or value to be advanced in addition to rent fixed.

The same duty as a Bond (No. 15) for the amount or value of the, average annual market rent reserved plus the amount of premium.

The same duty as a Conveyance (No. 23) for a market value equal to the amount of the average annual market of premium.

The same duty as a Conveyance (No. 23) for a market value equal to amount or value of the five year average annual market rent reserve plus the amount of premium.

The same duty as a Conveyance (No. 23) on the market value of the property which is the subject matter of the lease.

The same duty as a Conveyance (No. 23) on the market value equal to the amount or value of such fine or premium or premium or money advanced or to be advances as set forth in the lease.

The same duty as a Conveyance(No:23) for a market Value equal to the amount or value such fine or premium or money advanced or to be advanced as set forth in the lease in addition to the duty which would have been payable on such lease if no fine or premium or advance had been paid.

Provided that in any case when an agreement to lease is stamped with the advalorem stamp required for a lease and a lease in pursuance of such agreement is subsequently executed, the lease shall not exceed five rupees.

Provided also that market value of immoveable property on the date of lease is included as part of the lease instrument or endorsed upon the such lease instrument or firmly attached to the lease instrument (if prepared separately).

# Exemption

Lease executed in the case of a cultivator and the purposes of cultivation (including a lease of trees for the production of food or drink) without the payment or delivery of any fine or premium,

when a definite term is expressed and such term does not exceed one year or when the average annual rent reserved does not exceed one hundred rupees.

In this exemption a lease for the purposes of cultivation shall include a lease of land for cultivation together with a homestead or tank.

Explanation I: When a lease under takes to pay recurring charge, such as Government revenue, the landlords, share of cesses or the owners share of municipal rates or taxes which is by law recoverable from the lesser, the amount so agreed to be paid by the lesser shall be deemed to be part of the rent.

Explanation. II- Rent paid in advance shall be deemed to be premium or money advanced within the meaning of this article even if there is 'provision to set it off towards any installments of rent.

Explanation. III- An agreement of lease shall not be chargeable as a lease unless there is an immediate and present demise.

Explanation. IV- The market rent of a lease for immovable property at any time is the rent which the lease for immovable property might reasonable be expected to fetch at that time in the open market.

36. LETTER OF ALLOTMENT OF SHARES in Two rupees. any company or proposed company or in respect of any loan to be raised by any company or proposed company.

38. LEITE R OF LICENCE that is to say any agreement between a debtor and his creditors that the letter shall, for a specified time suspend their claims and allow the debtor to carryon business at his own discretion.

39.MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION OF **COMPANY** 

- (a) If accompanied by Articles or Association Fifty rupees under Section 26 of the Companies Act,
- (b) If not so accompanied

Forty rupees.

The same duty as is leviable on Articles of

Association (No. 10) according to the share capital of the company.

- 40. MORTGAGE DEED, not being an agreement relating to deposit of Title Deeds, Hypothecation Pawn, Pledge or (No.6)Botoomry Bond (No. 16), Mortgage of a Crop (No. 41), Respodentia Bond (No. 56) or Security Bond (No. 57).
- (a) When possession of the property or any part of the property comprised in such deed is given by the mortgager or agreed to be given;
- (b) When possession. is not given or agreed to be-given as aforesaid,

Explanation, I-A mortgagor who gives to the mortgagee a power-of-attorney to collect rents or a lease of the property mortgaged or part thereof, is deemed to gove possession within the meaning of this Article.

Explanation. II - For the purpose of mortgage deed executed under the Article 27 of the Schedule i.e., Debenture, stamp duty to be paid as provided in that Article.

(c) When a collateral or auxiliary or additional or substituted security or by way of further assurance for the above mentioned purpose where the principal or primary security is duly stamped.

## Exemption

Instruments executed by persons taking advance under the Land Improvement Loans Act, 1883 (19 of 1883), or the Agriculturists Loans Act, 1884 (12 of 1884), or by the securities as security for the repayment of such advances.

- 41. MORTGAGE OF CROP, including any instrument evidencing an agreement. to. secure the repayment of a loan' made, upon any mortgage of a crop, whether the crop is or is not in existence at the time of the mortgage -
- (a) when the loan is repayable not more than three months from the date of the instrument. for every sum secured not exceeding Rs. 200 and for every Rs. 200 of part thereof secured in Two rupees excess of Rs. 200.
- when the loan is repayable more than

The same duty as a Conveyance (No 23) or a consideration equal to the amount secured by such deed.

The same duty as a Bond (No 1) for the amount secured by such deed.

The same duty-as a Bond (No.15) for the amount secured subject to a maximum ofRs 100

Two rupees

eighteen months from the date of instrument - for every sum secured not exceeding Rs. 100 and Two rupees

for every Rs. 100 or part thereof secured in excess of Rs.100

42. NOTARIAL ACT, that is to say, any instrument, endorsement, note, attestation, certificate or entry not being a protest (No. 50) made or signed by a Notary Public in the execution of the duties of his office, or by and other person law-fully acting as a Notary Public.

Two rupees

Seven rupees

# see also protest of Bill or

43. NOTE OR MEMORANDUM sent by a Broker or Agent to his principal intimating the purchase or on account of such principal or a Government security or a share, scrip, stock, bond, debenture stock or other marketable security of a like nature.

44. NOTE OF PROTEST BY THE MASTER OF A SHIP-See also protest by the Master of Ship (No.51)

45. PARTITION-Instrument of (as defined by section 2(15))

50 paise for every Rs. 10,000 or part thereof for the face value of the security, at the time of its purchase or sale, as the case may be

Five rupees

The same duty as a Bond (N6.15) for the amount of the value of the rated shares or shares of the property.

N .B - The largest share remaining after the property is partitioned or if there are two or mote shares of equal value' and not smaller than any of the other share, then one of such equal share) shall be deemed to be that from which the other shares are separated.

Provided always that-

- (a) when an instrument of partition containing an agreement to divide property in severally is executed and a partition is effected in pursuance of such agreement the duty chargeable upon the instrument affecting such partition shall be reduced by the amount of duty paid in respect of first instrument but shall not be less than four rupees.
- (b) where land is held on revenue settlement for a period not exceeding thirty years and paying the full assessment, the value

for the purpose of duty shall be calculated at not more than five times the annual revenue.

(c) where a final order for effecting a partition passed by any Revenue authority or any Civil Court, or an award by an arbitrator directing a partition, is stamped with the stamp required for an instrument of partition and an instrument of partition in pursuance of such order or award is subsequently executed the duty in such instrument shall not exceed four rupees.

### 46. PARTNERSHIP –

A-Instrument of –

- (a) wherein the share capital –
- (i) does not exceed Rs 10,000
- (ii) of every Rs 10,000 or part there of in excess of Rs 10.000
- (b) where the partnership firm increases its share capital again, on the increased amount of every Rs 10,000 or part thereof;
- (c) for small scale units (as defined by the Government of India from time to time)

#### B. Dissolution of -

(a) Where any immovable property is taken as his share on dissolution partnership by a partner other than a partner who brought that property as his share or contribution to partnership.

(b) in any other case

48. POWER OF ATTORNEY (as defined by

section 2 (2), not being a Proxy (No. 52)-

(a) when executed for the sole purpose of procuring the registration of one or more documents in relation to a single transaction or for admitting execution of one or more such documents;

(b) when required in suits or proceedings under the Presidency Small Cause Court Act, 1882 (15 of 1882);

(d) when authorizing not more than five persons Fifty rupees

One hundred rupees

One hundred rupees

One hundred rupees

Subject to a maximum of one thousand rupees, one hundred rupees for every Rs. 10,000 or part thereof the amount of the capital of partnership

The same duty as a conveyance (No. 23) on the market value of such property.

One hundred rupees.

Ten rupees

Ten rupees

to act jointly and severally in more than one transaction or generally.

- (e) when authorizing more than five but not more than ten persons to act jointly and severally in more than one transaction or generally.
- (f) when given for consideration and authorizing the attorney to sell any immovable property
- (ff) when irrevocable authority is given to the attorney to sell immovable property
- (fff) when give to a promoter or developer by whatever name called for the construction, development of, or sale or transfer in any manner whatsoever of, any immovable property.
- (g) in any other case

Explanation I – for the purpose of this Article more persons than one when belonging to the same firm shall be deemed to be one person.

Explanation II – The term 'registration' includes every operation incidental to registration under the Registration Act, 1908 (XVI of 1908)

Explanation III – Where under clause (f), duty has been paid on power of attorney relating to any property, no duty shall be chargeable executed in pursuance of the power of attorney or between the granter, except on so far as the consideration for the conveyance exceeds the consideration fort he power of attorney.

- 50. PROTEST OF BILL OR NOTE: that is to say, any declaration in writing made by a Notary Public or other person lawfully acting as such, attesting the dishonor of a bill-of-exchange or promissory note.
- 51, PROTEST BY MASTER OF A SHIP, that is to say, any declaration of the particular of her voyage drawn up by him with a view of adjustment of losses or the calculation of averages and every declaration in writing made by him against the charters or consignees for not loading or unloading the ship, when such declaration is attested or certified by a Notary Public or other person lawfully acting as such.

See also Note of protest by the Master of a Ship

Ten rupees for each person authorized subject to a minimum of rupees forty.

The same duty as a Conveyance (No. 23) on the market value of the property.

The same duty as a Conveyance (No. 23) on the market value of the property.

The same duty as Conveyance (No. 23) on the market value of the property.

Five rupees for each authorized.

Ten rupees

Five rupees

(No. 44).

54. RECONVEYANCE OF MORTGAGED The same duty as a conveyance (No. 23) on PROPERTY

the market value of the property, subject to maximum of Rs. 100.

55. RELEASE, that is to say, any instrument Sixty rupees (not being such a release as is provided for by section 23-A), whereby a person renounces a claim upon another person or against any specified property.-

(a) If the amount of value of the claim does not The same duty as a Bond (No. 15) for such exceed Rs. 1,000;

(b) in any other case

56. RESPONDENTIA BOND, that is to say, any instrument securing a loan on the cargo laden or to be laden on Board a ship, and making repayment contingent on the arrival of the cargo at the port of destination.

REVOCATION OF ANY TRUST OR SETTLEMENT-See settlement (No. 58), Trust (No. 64).

- 57. SECURITY BOND OR MORTGAGE DEED, executed by way of security for the due execution of an office, or to account for money or other property received by virtue the thereof executed by a surety to secure the due performance of a contract
- Rs.1,000.
- (b) in any other case

(a) when the amount secured does not exceed The same duty as a Bond (No. 15), for the amount of the loan secured.

Thirty rupees

## Exemption

Bon or other, instrument, when executed -

- (a) by headmen nominated under rules framed in accordance with the Bengal Irrigation Act, 1876, (Ben. Act III of 1876) section 99, for due performance of their duties under that Act;
- (b) by any person for the purpose of guaranteeing that the local income derived from private sub-scriptions to a charitable dispensary

amount or value as set forth in the release. Thirty rupees

The same duty as a Bond (No. 15), for the amount of the loan secured.

or hospital, or any other object of public utility, specified sum per mensem.

- (c) under No.3-A of the rules made by the Government of Bombay in Council under section 70 of the Bombay Irrigation .Act, 1879; (Born. Act VII of 1879).
- (d) Executed by .persons taking advances under the Land Improvement Loans Act, 1883, (Act XIX of 1886) or the Agriculturist's Loans Act, 1884, (Act XII of 1884) or by their sureties, as securities, for the repayment of such advance.
- (e) executed by officers of Government or their sureties to secure the due execution of and Office or the due accounting for money or other property received by virtue thereof;

### 58. Settlement.

A. dower).

Instrument of (including a deed or The same duty as a bond (No. 15) for a sum equal to the amount settled or the market value of the property settled.

> Provided that, where the agreement to settle is stamped with the stamp required for an instrument of settlement, and an instrument of settlement in pursuance of such agreement is subsequently executed, the duty on such instrument shall not exceed five rupees.

## Exemption

Deed of dower executed on the occasion of, or in marriage connection with Muhammedans, whether executed before or after the marriage.

B. Revocation -

The same duty as a Bond (No 15) for a sum equal to the amount settled or the market value of the property concerned as set forth in the instrument of revocation, but not exceeding one hundred rupees.

59. Share warrants

Share Warrants to bearer the Companies Act, 1956.

The same duty as a-Bond (No. 15) for a consideration equal to the criminal amount of shares cretified in the warrant

### Exemption

Share warrant when issued by a company in pursuance of the Companies Act, 1956 to have the effect only upon payment as composition for that duty, to the Collector of Stamp revenue of-

- (a) one and a half percentul11 of the whole subscribed capital of the company, or
- (b) if any company which has paid the duty or composition in full subsequently issues an addition to its subscribed capital one and a half percentum of the additional capital so issued.
- 60. SHIPPING ORDER for or relating to the conveyance of goods on board of any vessel
- 61. SURRENDER OF LEASE-
- (a) when the duty which the lease is chargeable; does not exceed seven Rupees and fifty paise

(b) in any other case

Exemption

Surrender of lease, when such losses is exempted from duty

64. TRUST

A – Declaration of or concerning, any property when made by any writing not being a will.

B- Revocation of or concerning property when made by any document other than a will.

See also settlement (No.58)

VALUATION - See Appraisement (No.8)

VAKIL – See entry as a Vakil (No.30)

65. WARRANT FOR GOODS, that is to say, any instrument evidencing the title of any person therein named, or his assigns, or the holder thereof, to the property in any goods lying in or upon any dock, warehouse or wharf, such instrument being signed or certified by or on behalf of the person in whose custody such goods may be.

66.DUTY ON TRANSFER OF TENANCY Rs 50 per sq.feet RIGHTS -

- (a) of commercial premises
- (b) of residential purposes

Two rupees

The duty with which such leases chargeable.

Two rupees

The same duty as Bond(No. 15) for a sum equal to the amount or value of the property concerned, as set forth in the instrument but not exceeding twenty five rupees

The same duty as Bond(No. 15) for a sum equal to the amount or value of the property concerned, as set forth in the instrument but not exceeding twenty five rupees

Three rupees

Rs 5 per sq. feet

P.Chakraborty Secretary

Law & Judicial Deptt. Government of Mizoram