**GST HEADLINES**

 **October 27, 2016**

**FM Defends Multiple Slabs for GST, Cess for Compensating States**

 ***[Source: The Financial Express]***

# Realty may Attract 18% GST; Impact on Housing Prices Neutral: ICRA

***[Source: The Economic Times]***

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# FM defends multiple slabs for GST, cess for compensating states

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In a blog post, the finance minister also pitched for continuing some existing levies for a period of five years as cesses in order to raise the resources for compensating, as constitutionally provided, the states for any revenue loss. “This would include clean energy cess and cesses on luxury items and tobacco products, which in any case, currently also pay levy higher than 26%,” he wrote. In the GST council meeting here last week, several states had opposed the idea of new cesses to fund compensation, even though there was a convergence of views on not subsuming the clean energy cess and the imposts on tobacco in GST. This proved to be a sticking point in the Centre-state confabulations.

Explaining the rationale behind the proposal to use cess proceeds for compensation rather than a higher demerit GST rate, he wrote: “Assuming that the compensation is R50,000 crore for the first year, the total impact of funding (it) through a tax would be abnormally high… R1.72 lakh crore tax would have to be imposed (because). Out of every 100 rupees collected (through) GST, only 29 rupees remains with the Centre.”



The cess mooted by the Centre is meant to apply on items currently being taxed at rates higher than the highest proposed slab of 26%. The rate of cess will be equal to the difference between the current tax incidence on these items and 26%. The cess proceeds, the Centre said, would create a fund, which would be used exclusively for compensating states’ revenue losses in the GST regime, in regard to their taxes to be subsumed in GST. According to Jaitley, the cess proposal would ensure that no additional burden is imposed on taxpayers.

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