INDORE CHAPTER OF WIRC OF ICSI

Recent amendments in Schedule III and CARO reporting

By

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TOPICS COVERED

Schedule III amendments

New CARO reporting

New clauses in Audit report Impact of this in CS profession

WHY TO KNOW SCHEDULE III AND CARO AMENDMENTS

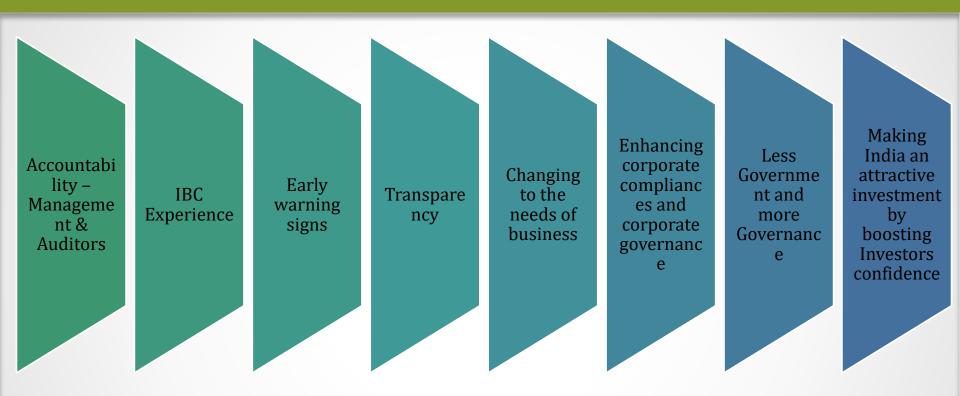
As KMP – responsible for preparation and signing of accounts

As Consultant – Help in compliance Management

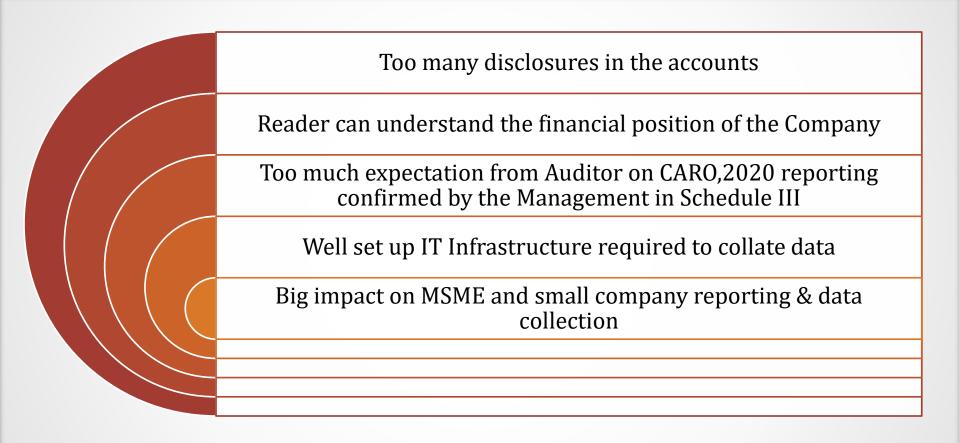
As Practicing
CS – Certifying
the Annual
returns and
Financial
Statements

If not now – then when & How?

BACKGROUND OF AMENDMENTS



IMPLICATIONS OF THE AMENDMENTS



SCHEDULE III & MENDMENTS

SCHEDULE III AMENDMENTS

DIVISION I

For companies whose financial statements are required to comply with Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006

DIVISION II

For companies whose financial statements are required to comply with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards)
Rules, 2015

DIVISION III

For NBFCs whose financial statements are required to comply with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards)
Rules, 2015

APPLICABILITY

- > For Financial years beginning on or after 1st April 2021
- Applicable from the Financial statements prepared currently
- ➤ Read in the context with CSC established by MCA w.e.f. 23.3.2021
- ➤ NFRA: Financial Reporting Quality Review (FRQR) Report Audit Quality Review (AQR) Report
- Expectation from Government departments with respect to newly implemented GST laws

DIVISION I

General Instructions:

- ➤ Instead of Turnover the word Total Income used
- > Applicability of Round off

Total Income	Rounding Off
Less than 100 Crore Rupee	To the nearest hundreds, thousands, lakhs or millions or decimals thereof
100 Crore Rupees or more	To the nearest lakhs, millions or crores, or decimals thereof

PROMOTER SHAREHOLDING

The note on Share Capital in the Financial Statements shall **mention details of the Shareholding of the Promoters along with changes, if any, during the Financial Year**

Currently only shareholding of more than 5% needs to be disclosed

	Shares held by pron	% Change during the year***		
S. No	Promotername	No. of Shares**	%of total shares**	
Total				

^{*}Promoter here means promoter as defined in the Companies Act, 2013.

^{**} Details shall be given separately for each class of shares

^{***} percentage change shall be computed with respect to the number at the beginning of the year or if issued during the year for the first time then with respect to the date of issue."

TRADE PAYABLES AGEING SCHEDULE

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment				
	Less than 1 Year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i)MSME					
(ii) Others					
(iii) Disputed dues - MSME					
(iv) Disputed dues-Others					

Similar information shall be given where no due date of payment is specified in that case disclosure shall be from the date of the transaction. Unbilled dues shall be disclosed separately

IMPACT OF CHANGE

Impact of classification

In IBC
Operational
creditors
disputed or not
identified

Identify Limitation period in IBC

OTHER LIABILITIES SIDE

Current
maturities of
long term
borrowings Under Short
term
borrowings

Current
maturities of
long term
borrowings –
Deleted from
Long term
borrowings

ASSETS SIDE

> Assets - Non-current assets

Property, plant & equipment and Intangible assets

- a) Property, plant and equipment
- b) Intangible assets
- Security deposits
- Under Other current assets
- Property, Plant & Equipment (PPE)/ Intangible assets
- Basis of Revaluation Registered valuer or otherwise
- Change > = 10% of net carrying value of each class disclose Amount of change

ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE AGEING SCHEDULE

	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					
Particulars	Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i)Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good						
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered doubtful						
(iii) Disputed Trade Receivables considered good						
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables considered doubtful						

BORROWINGS FROM BANKS/FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

To disclose the details of where they have been used Borrowings from banks and financial institutions

Not used for the specific purpose for which it was taken at the balance sheet date

TITLE DEEDS OF IMMOVABLE PROPERTIES NOT HELD IN NAME OFTHE COMPANY

Title Deed of Immovable Property not held in name of the Company

The company shall provide the details of:

➤ All the immovable property (other than properties where the Company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee) whose title deeds are not held in the name of the company in format given here and where such immovable property is jointly held with others, details are required to be given to the extent of the company's share.

REVALUATION

Company has revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment

Disclose as to whether the revaluation is based on the valuation by a registered valuer as defined under rule 2 of the Companies (Registered Valuers and Valuation) Rules, 2017

LOANS OR ADVANCES GRANTED TO DIRECTORS, KMPS AND THE RELATED PARTIES

Loans or advances repayable on demand; or without specifying any terms or period of repayment.

Type of borrower	Amount of Loan or advance in the nature of loan outstanding	Percentage to the total Loans and advances in the nature of loans
Promoter		
Directors		
KMPs		
Related parties		

CAPITAL WORK IN PROGRESS

a) For Capital-work-in progress, following ageing schedule shall be given: CWIP aging schedule

CWIP	An	Amount in CWIP for a period of				
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years		
Projects in progress						
Projects temporarily suspended						

CAPITAL WORK IN PROGRESS

(b) For capital-work-in progress, whose completion is overdue or has exceeded its cost compared to its original plan, following CWIP completion schedule shall be given

CWIP	To be completed in				
CWII	Less than1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Project 1 Project 2"					

INTANGIBLE ASSETS

(A) For Intangible assets under development, following ageing schedule shall be given: Intangible assets under development aging schedule

Intangible assets	Amount in CWIP for a period of				Total*
under development	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Projects in progress					
Projects temporarily suspended					

Total shall tally with the amount of Intangible assets under development in the balance sheet

INTANGIBLE ASSETS

(B) For Intangible assets under development, whose completion is overdue or has exceeded its cost compared to its original plan, following Intangible assets under development completion schedule shall be given

Intangible assets	То	Be Completo	ed in		Total*
under development	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Projects 1					
Project 2					

Details of projects where activity has been suspended shall be given separately

DETAILS OF BENAMI PROPERTY

Where any proceedings have been initiated or pending against the company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and the rules made thereunder, the company shall disclose the following:-

- (a) Details of such property, including year of acquisition,
- (b) Amount thereof,
- (c) Details of Beneficiaries,
- (d) If property is in the books, then reference to the item in the Balance Sheet,
- (e) If property is not in the books, then the fact shall be stated with reasons,
- (f) Where there are proceedings against the company under this law as an abetter of the transaction or as the
- transferor then the details shall be provided,
- (g) Nature of proceedings, status of same and company's view on same.

BORROWINGS FROM BANKS AND/OR FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS



COMPANY DECLARED AS A WILLFUL DEFAULTER

Date of declaration as willful defaulter

Details of defaults

"wilful defaulter" here means a person or an issuer who or which is categorized as a wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution (as defined under the Act) or consortium thereof, in accordance with the guidelines on wilful defaulters issued by the Reserve Bank of India.

RELATIONSHIP WITH STRUCK OFF COMPANIES

Where the company has any transactions with companies struck off under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or section 560 of Companies Act, 1956, the Company shall disclose the following details:

Name of struck off Company	Nature of transactions with struck-off Company	Balance outstanding	Relationship with the Struck off company, if any, to be disclosed
	Investments in securities		
	Receivables		
	Payables		
	Shares held by stuck off company		
	Other outstanding balances (to be specified)		

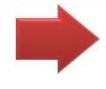
REGISTRATION OF CHARGES OR SATISFACTION

➤ Charges or satisfaction yet to be registered with Registrar of Companies beyond the statutory period details and reasons thereof shall be disclosed



COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS AND DISCLOSURES THEREOF

The effect of scheme of arrangements in accordance with the scheme and in accordance with accounting standards



Deviations, if any

2. Compliance with number of layers of companies

Name and CIN of the companies beyond the specified layers and

Relationship/exte nt of holding in such downstream companies

FINANCIAL RATIOS

Numerator and denominator to be explained

Change in the ratio (> 25%) as compared to the preceding year to be explained

Profitability

Liquidity

Turnover

Solvency

Net profit

Return on capital employed

Return on equity

Return on investment

Current ratio

Inventory

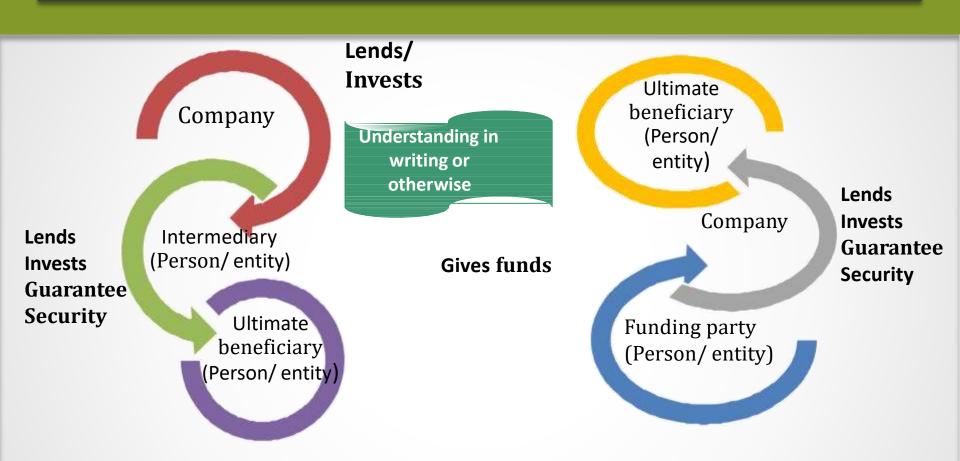
receivable
Trade payable

Net capital

Debtequity

Debt service coverage

UTILIZATION OF FUNDS



UTILIZATION OF FUNDS

Company has advanced or loaned or invested funds – Disclosure:

Date and amount of fund advanced/ loaned/ invested:

- In intermediary (ies)

- By the intermediary (ies)

Details of each intermediary

Details of ultimate beneficiary

Details of guarantee/ security provided to / by ultimate beneficiary

Declaration for compliance with FEMA, Companies Act, PMLA

Company has received any fund – Disclosure:

Date and amount of fund: Received Further advanced/loaned/invested

Details of each funding party

Details of other intermediaries/ultimate beneficiary

Details of guarantee/ security provided to / by ultimate beneficiary

Declaration for compliance with FEMA, Companies Act, PMLA

DIVISION I- INDIAN GAAP - PART 2 - PROFIT & LOSS A/C

Particulars	Amendments
Changes – Part 2 Statement Profit & Loss account	a. Addition / Deletion under III is as below I. Revenue from Operations II. Other Income III. Total Revenue Income (I+II)
Additional disclosure under Notes Statement of Profit and Loss	1. Revenue from Operations Grants or donations received (relevant in case of section 8 companies only) 2. Undisclosed Income Co. shall give details of any transaction not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961), unless there is immunity for disclosure under any scheme and also shall state whether the previously unrecorded income and related assets have been properly recorded in the books of account during the year.

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY (CSR)

- Amount required to be spent by the company during the year;
- Amount of expenditure incurred;
- Shortfall at the end of the year;
- Total of previous years shortfall;
- Reason for shortfall;
- Nature of CSR activities;
- Details of related party transactions
- Movements in provision made with respect to a liability incurred by entering into a contractual obligation



CRYPTO CURRENCY OR VIRTUAL CURRENCY

Where the Company has traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year, the following shall be disclosed:

- a. Profit or loss on transactions involving Crypto currency or Virtual Currency
- b. Amount of currency held as at the reporting date
- c. Deposits or advances from any person for the purpose of trading or investing in Crypto Currency/ virtual currency

AMENDMENTS (INCREMENTAL) APPLICABLE FOR DIVISION II ENTITIES (COMPANIES FOLLOWING IND AS)

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Part I- Balance Sheet

A. Under the heading "Equity and Liabilities"
in sub-heading "Liabilities",-
(I) in item "(1) Non-current liabilities",
in sub-item "(a) Financial Liabilities",
after (i), the following shall be inserted, namely:-

"(ia) Lease liabilities"

(II) in item "(2) Current Liabilities",
in sub-item "(a) Financial Liabilities",
after (i), the following shall be inserted, namely:-
"(ia) Lease liabilities"
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AMENDMENTS (INCREMENTAL) APPLICABLE FOR DIVISION II ENTITIES (COMPANIES FOLLOWING IND AS)

Amendment	Pre amendment	Post amendment
Statement of changes in equity (Division II+ III)		 Changes in equity share capital due to prior period errors Restated opening balances Any other change
Lease liabilities (both non-current and current)	(a) Financialliabilities(i) Borrowings	(a) Financial Liabilities(i) Borrowings(ia) Lease liabilities
Other financial assets		Inserted after sub heading "Loans" under heading "Current assets"
Security deposits and Bank deposits		Non-current assets IX. Other financial assets (i) Security deposits (ii) Bank deposits with more than 12 months maturity (iii) Others

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

A- Equity Share Capital (For Both Current And Previous Reporting Periods)

Balance at the beginning of the current reporting period	Changes in Equity Share Capital due to prior period errors	Restated balance at the beginning of the current reporting period	Changes in equity share capital during the current year	Balance at the end of the current reporting period



New Insertion in Amendment

TRADE RECEIVABLE AGEING SCHEDULE

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					
	Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables - considered good (ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables - considered doubtful (iii) Disputed Trade Receivables considered good (iv) Disputed Trade Receivables considered doubtful (v) Disputed Trade Receivables - which have significance in credit risk (vi) Disputed Trade Receivables - which have significance in credit risk (vi) Disputed Trade Receivables - credit Impaired						

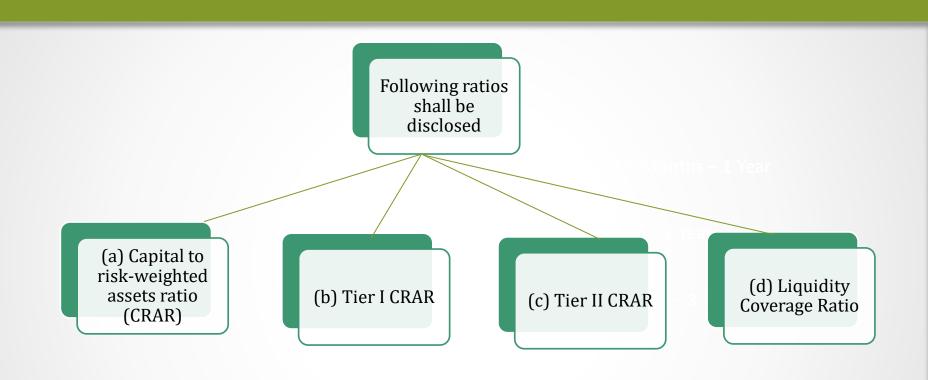
DISCLOSURE OF RATIOS - NBFCS

- **01** Capital to Risk Weighted Assets Ratio (CRAR)
- 02 Tier I CRAR
- 03 Tier II CRAR
- 04 Liquidity Coverage Ratio

TRADE RECEIVABLES - IND AS

Particulars		Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					
		Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i)	Undisputed Trade receivables - considered good 19						
(ii)	Undisputed Trade Receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk						
(iii)	Undisputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired						
(iv)	Disputed Trade Receivables- considered good						
(v)	Disputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk						
(vi)	Disputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired						

AMENDMENTS (INCREMENTAL) APPLICABLE FOR DIVISION III ENTITIES (NBFCS FOLLOWING IND AS)



CARO,2020

➤ Central Government, in consultation with the NFRA by virtue of Section 143(11) of Companies Act, 2013 issued Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("CARO, 2020") on 25th February, 2020 supersedes Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("CARO, 2016") inclusion of the matters specified therein in Auditor's report financial years commencing on or after the 1st April, 2019 quiet detailed contains 21 broad items −previously 16 clauses 7 new items 1 merged 1 deleted to make the auditor certify on several details which are new Difference from initially introduced all data has to be provided by Management in Sch −III on which auditor to comment





FINANCIAL YEAR

PROVISIONS OF CARO, 2020	PROVISIONS OF CARO, 2016
Financial years commencing on or after 1st April, 2021	Financial years commencing on or after 1st April, 2015

Auditor's report for FY ending 31st March, 2022 shall include matters specified in CARO, 2020.

APPLICABILITY

PROVISIONS OF CARO, 2020

PROVISIONS OF CARO, 2016

It shall apply to every company including a foreign company as defined u/s 2(42) of Act, 2013.

Auditor's report for FY ending 31st March, 2022 shall include matters specified in CARO, 2020

EXCEPTIONS

PROVISIONS OF CARO, 2020

PROVISIONS OF CARO, 2016

- (i) a banking company as defined in clause (c) of section 5 of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949;
- (ii) an insurance company as defined under the Insurance Act, 1938;
- (iii) a company licensed to operate under section 8 of the Companies Act;
- (iv) a One Person Company as defined in clause (62) of section 2 of the Companies Act and a small company as defined in clause (85) of section 2 of the Companies Act; and
- (v) a private limited company:
- not being a subsidiary or holding company of a public company;
- having a paid-up capital and reserves and surplus not more than 1 crore rupees as on the balance sheet date; and
- > not having total borrowings exceeding 1 crore rupees from any bank or financial institution at any point of time during the financial year; and
- not having a total revenue as disclosed in Scheduled III to the Companies Act (including revenue from discontinuing operations) exceeding 10 crore rupees during the financial year as per the financial statements

No change in exceptions

NON-APPLICABILITY

PROVISIONS OF CARO, 2020	PROVISIONS OF CARO, 2016
Not apply to the Auditor's report on consolidated financial statements except clause (xxi) of paragraph 3	

The Auditor's report of holding company shall also be an indicative of the companies included in the consolidated financial statements whose CARO reports contain any qualifications/ adverse remarks, paragraph wise.

MAINTAINING RECORDS OF PROPERTY, PLANT, EQUIPMENT AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS

PROVISIONS OF CARO, 2020

- (a) (A) whether the company is maintaining proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment;
- (B) whether the company is maintaining proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets;
- (b) whether these Property, Plant and Equipment have been physically verified by the management at reasonable intervals; whether any material discrepancies were noticed on such verification and if so, whether the same have been properly dealt with in the books of account;

PROVISIONS OF CARO, 2016

- (a) whether the company is maintaining proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets;
- (b) whether these fixed assets have been physically verified by the management at reasonable intervals; whether any material discrepancies were noticed on such verification and if so, whether the same have been properly dealt with in the books of account

MAINTAINING RECORDS OF PROPERTY, PLANT, EQUIPMENT AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS

PROVISIONS OF CARO, 2020

PROVISIONS OF CARO, 2016

(c) whether the title deeds of all the immovable properties (other than properties where the company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee) disclosed in the financial statements are held in the name of the company, if not, provide the details thereof in the prescribed format which includes:

- Description of property
- Gross carrying value
- ➤ Held in name of
- Whether promoter, director or their relative or employee
- Period held indicate range, where appropriate
- Reason for not being held in name of company (also indicate if in dispute)

MAINTAINING RECORDS OF PROPERTY, PLANT, EQUIPMENT AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS

PROVISIONS OF CARO, 2020

PROVISIONS OF CARO, 2016

- (d) whether the company has revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of Use assets) or intangible assets or both during the year and, if so, whether the revaluation is based on the valuation by a Registered Valuer; specify the amount of change, if change is 10% or more in the aggregate of the net carrying value of each class of Property, Plant and Equipment or intangible assets;
- (e) whether any proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder, if so, whether the company has appropriately disclosed the details in its financial statements;

KEY POINTS

- Declaration that all the immovable property disclosed in the financial statement are held in the name of the company
- Details of immovable properties which are disclosed in the financial statement but not held in name of the company
- Declaration regarding revaluation of Property, Plant, Equipment and intangible assets including right to use
- Specifying the amount of change, where change is 10% or more in the net carrying value of each class of asset
- Disclosure in the financial statement of proceedings initiated or pending against the company for holding benami properties and declaration thereof

PHYSICAL VERIFICATION OF INVENTORIES

PROVISIONS OF CARO, 2020

- (a) whether physical verification of inventory has been conducted at reasonable intervals by the management and whether, in the opinion of the auditor, the coverage and procedure of such verification by the management is appropriate; whether any discrepancies of 10% or more in the aggregate for each class of inventory were noticed and if so, whether they have been properly dealt with in the books of account;
- (b) whether during any point of time of the year, the company has been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of five crore rupees, in aggregate, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets; whether the quarterly returns or statements filed by the company with such banks or financial institutions are in agreement with the books of account of the company, if not, give details;

PROVISIONS OF CARO, 2016

whether physical verification of inventory has been conducted at reasonable intervals by the management and whether any material discrepancies were noticed and if so, whether they have been properly dealt with in the books of account

KEY POINTS

- The term 'material discrepancy' in the inventory is quantified to mean 10% or more discrepancy in aggregate for each class of inventory
- Auditor's role- Providing opinion on appropriateness of coverage and procedure of physical verification of inventory the by management
- Checking of quarterly statements filed by the company with banks/ FIs w.r.t. working capital loans are in agreement with the books of accounts of the company

PROVISIONS OF CARO, 2020

investments in, provided any guarantee or security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties, if so,-

(a) whether during the year the company has provided loans or provided advances in the nature of loans, or stood guarantee, or provided security to any other entity [not applicable to companies whose principal business is to give loans], if so, indicate

PROVISIONS OF CARO, 2016

whether during the year the company has made whether the company has granted any loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013. If so

> (a) whether the terms and conditions of the grant of such loans are not prejudicial to the company's interest

PROVISIONS OF CARO, 2020

- balance outstanding at the balance sheet date with respect to such loans or advances and guarantees or security to subsidiaries, receipts are regular; joint ventures and associates:
- (B) the aggregate amount during the year, and balance outstanding at the balance sheet date with respect to such loans or advances guarantees or security to parties other than for recovery of the principal and interest; subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates;
- (b) whether the investments made, guarantees provided, security given and the terms and conditions of the grant of all loans and advances in the nature of loans and guarantees provided are not prejudicial to the company's interest;

PROVISIONS OF CARO, 2016

- (A) the aggregate amount during the year, and (b) whether the schedule of repayment of principal and payment of interest has been stipulated and whether the repayments or
 - (c) if the amount is overdue, state the total amount overdue for more than ninety days, and whether reasonable steps have been taken by the company

(c) in respect of loans and advances in the nature of loans, whether the schedule of repayment of principal and payment of interest has been stipulated and whether the repayments or receipts are regular; (d) if the amount is overdue, state the total amount overdue for more than ninety days, and whether reasonable steps have been taken by the company for recovery of the principal and interest;

PROVISIONS OF CARO, 2020

PROVISIONS OF CARO, 2016

- (e) whether any loan or advance in the nature of loan granted which has fallen due during the year, has been renewed or extended or fresh loans granted to settle the overdues of existing loans given to the same parties, if so, specify the aggregate amount of such dues renewed or extended or settled by fresh loans and the percentage of the aggregate to the total loans or advances in the nature of loans granted during the year [not applicable to companies whose principal business is to give loans];
- (f) whether the company has granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans either repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment, if so, specify the aggregate amount, percentage thereof to the total loans granted, aggregate amount of loans granted to Promoters, related parties as defined in clause (76) of section 2 of the Companies Act, 2013;

KEY POINTS

- The scope of financial transactions in Auditor's report has become wide so as to include any transaction u/s 186 to any party vis-à-vis only loans granted to parties covered u/s 189 of Companies Act, 2013 (as was required in CARO, 2016)
- Investments, guarantee and security along with loans or advances granted by the Company
- Renewal or extension or granting of fresh loans to settle the overdues of existing loans
- Loans or advances in the nature of loans (either repayable on demand or without specified terms or period of repayment) granted to Related Parties

COMPLIANCE OF SECTION 185 & 186

PROVISIONS OF CARO, 2020

PROVISIONS OF CARO, 2016

in respect of loans, investments, guarantees, and security, whether provisions of sections 185 and 186 of the Companies Act have been complied with, if not, provide the details thereof;

ACCEPTANCE OF DEPOSITS

PROVISIONS OF CARO, 2020

company or amounts which are deemed to be deposits, whether the directives issued by the Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Companies Act and the rules made thereunder, where applicable, have been complied with, if not, the nature of such contraventions be stated: if an order has been passed by Company Law Board or National Company Law Tribunal or Reserve Bank of India or any court or any other tribunal, whether the same has been complied with or not;

PROVISIONS OF CARO, 2016

In respect of deposits accepted by the In case, the company has accepted deposits, whether the directives issued by the Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules framed thereunder, where applicable, have been complied with. If not, the nature of such contraventions be stated; If an order has been passed by Company Law Board or National Company Law Tribunal or Reserve Bank of India or any court or any other tribunal, whether the same has been complied with or not.

Deemed Deposits shall also fall under the ambit of Auditor's report

COST RECORDS

PROVISIONS OF CARO, 2020

PROVISIONS OF CARO, 2016

Where maintenance of cost records has been specified by central Government under sub-section (l) of section 148 of the Companies Act, whether such accounts and records have been made and maintained

STATUTORY DUES

PROVISIONS OF CARO, 2020

- (a) whether the company is regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including Goods and Services Tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, sales-tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and any other statutory dues to the appropriate authorities and if not, the extent of the arrears of outstanding statutory dues as on the last day of the financial year concerned for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable, shall be indicated;
- (b) where statutory dues referred to in sub-clause (a) have not been deposited on account of any dispute, then the amounts involved and the forum where dispute is pending shall be mentioned (a mere representation to the concerned Department shall not be treated as a dispute);

PROVISIONS OF CARO, 2016

- (a) whether the company is regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, sales-tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and any other statutory dues to the appropriate authorities and if not, the extent of the arrears of outstanding statutory dues as on the last day of the financial year concerned for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable, shall be indicated;
- (b) where dues of income tax or sales tax or service tax or duty of customs or duty of excise or value added tax have not been deposited on account of any dispute, then the amounts involved and the forum where dispute is pending shall be mentioned. (A mere representation to the concerned Department shall not be treated as a dispute).

DISCLOSURE OF TRANSACTIONS NOT RECORDED IN THE BOOKS

PROVISIONS OF CARO, 2020

PROVISIONS OF CARO, 2016

whether any transactions not recorded in the books of account have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961), if so, whether the previously unrecorded income has been properly recorded in the books of account during the year

New Provision

DEFAULT IN REPAYMENT OF LOANS OR OTHER BORROWINGS

PROVISIONS OF CARO, 2020

- whether the company (a) defaulted in repayment of loans or repayment of loans or borrowing to a other borrowings or in the payment of financial interest thereon to any lender, if yes, Government or dues to debenture the period and the amount of default holders? If yes, the period and the to be reported as per the prescribed amount of default to be reported (in format which includes:
- Nature of borrowing, including debt securities

Name of lender (lender wise details to be provided in case of defaults to) Amount not paid on due date Whether principal or interest No. of days delay or unpaid Remarks, if any

PROVISIONS OF CARO, 2016

has whether the company has defaulted in institution. bank. case of defaults to banks, financial institutions, and Government, lender wise details to be provided).

DEFAULT IN REPAYMENT OF LOANS OR OTHER BORROWINGS

PROVISIONS OF CARO, 2020

PROVISIONS OF CARO, 2020

- (b) whether the company is a declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender;
- (c) whether term loans were applied for the purpose for which the loans were obtained; if not, the amount of loan so diverted and the purpose for which it is used may be reported;
- (d) whether funds raised on short term basis have been utilized for long term purposes, if yes, the nature and amount to be indicated;
- (e) whether the company has taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures, if so, details thereof with nature of such transactions and the amount in each case;
- (f) whether the company has raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies, if so, give details thereof and also report if the company has defaulted in repayment of such loans raised;

KEY POINTS

 Reporting of default in repayment of loans or other borrowings to any lender instead of the ones specified in CARO, 2016 shall be made in the format prescribed in CARO, 2020

Following additional check points have been included:

- company declared as wilful defaulter
- diversion of loans
- utilization of short-term funds for long-term purposes
- funds obtained to meet obligations of its subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures
- funds obtained on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies

MONEYS RAISED BY IPO, FPO & PREFERENTIAL ALLOTMENT/PRIVATE PLACEMENT OF SHARES OR CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES

PROVISIONS OF CARO, 2020

- (a) whether moneys raised by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year were applied for the purposes for which those are raised, if not, the details together with delays or default and subsequent rectification, if any, as may be applicable, be reported;
- (b) whether the company has made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully, partially or optionally convertible) during the year and if so, whether the requirements of section 42 and section 62 of the Companies Act, 2013 have been complied with and the funds raised have been used for the purposes for which the funds were raised, if not, provide details in respect of amount involved and nature of non-compliance

PROVISIONS OF CARO, 2016

- (a) whether moneys raised by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) and term loans were applied for the purposes for which those are raised. If not, the details together with delays or default and subsequent rectification, if any, as may be applicable, be reported;
- (b) whether the company has made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year under review and if so, as to whether the requirement of section 42 of the Companies Act, 2013 have been complied with and the amount raised have been used for the purposes for which the funds were raised. If not, provide the details in respect of the amount involved and nature of non-compliance;

KEY POINTS

Checking application of term loans for the purposes for which they are raised has been included in point (ix) (c) of CARO, 2020.



FRAUD REPORTING

PROVISIONS OF CARO, 2020

(a) whether any fraud by the company or any fraud on the company has been noticed or reported during the year, if yes, the nature and the amount involved is to be indicated;

- (b) whether any report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed by the auditors in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government;
- (c) whether the auditor has considered whistleblower complaints, if any, received during the year by the company;

PROVISIONS OF CARO, 2016

whether any fraud by the company or any fraud on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the year; If yes, the nature and the amount involved is to be indicated;

Consideration of filing of report under section 143(12) and whistle-blower complaints is inserted

COMPLIANCES BY NIDHI COMPANY

PROVISIONS OF CARO, 2020

- (a) whether the Nidhi Company has complied with the Net Owned Funds to Deposits in the ratio of 1: 20 to meet out the liability
- (b) whether the Nidhi Company is maintaining 10 % unencumbered term deposits as specified in the Nidhi Rules, 2014 to meet out the liability;
- (c) whether there has been any default in payment of interest on deposits or repayment thereof for any period and if so, the details thereof

PROVISIONS OF CARO, 2016

whether the Nidhi Company has complied with the Net Owned Funds to Deposits in the ratio of 1: 20 to meet out the liability and whether the Nidhi Company is maintaining ten per cent unencumbered term deposits as specified in the Nidhi Rules, 2014 to meet out the liability;

Addition of 2 new parameters is made to check compliance of Companies (Nidhi's) Rules, 2014

COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 177 AND 188

PROVISIONS OF CARO, 2020

PROVISIONS OF CARO, 2016

whether all transactions with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of Companies Act where applicable and the details have been disclosed in the financial statements, etc., as required by the applicable accounting standards

INTERNAL AUDIT SYSTEM

PROVISIONS OF CARO, 2020	PROVISIONS OF CARO, 2016
(a) whether the company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business;	
(b) whether the reports of the Internal Auditors for the period under audit were considered by the statutory auditor;	

NON CASH TRANSACTIONS

PROVISIONS OF CARO, 2020

PROVISIONS OF CARO, 2016

whether the company has entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him and if so, whether the provisions of section 192 of Companies Act have been complied with

REGISTRATION WITH RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

PROVISIONS OF CARO, 2020 PROVISIONS OF CARO, 2016 (a) whether the company is required to be registered whether the company is required to be registered under under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 and if (2 of 1934) and if so, whether the registration has been so, whether the registration has been obtained: obtained: (b) whether the company has conducted any Non-Banking Financial or Housing Finance activities without a valid Certificate of Registration (CoR) from the Reserve Bank of India as per the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934; (c) whether the company is a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India, if so, whether it continues to fulfil the criteria of a CIC, and in case the company is an exempted or unregistered CIC, whether it continues to fulfil such criteria: (d) whether the Group has more than one CIC as part of the Group, if yes, indicate the number of CICs which are part of the Group

CASH LOSSES

PROVISIONS OF CARO, 2020	PROVISIONS OF CARO, 2016
whether the company has incurred cash losses in the financial year and in the immediately preceding financial year, if so, state the amount of cash losses;	

RESIGNATION OF THE STATUTORY AUDITORS DURING THE YEAR

PROVISIONS OF CARO, 2020	PROVISIONS OF CARO, 2016
whether there has been any resignation of the statutory auditors during the year, if so, whether the auditor has taken into consideration the issues, objections or concerns raised by the outgoing auditors;	

Earlier, SEBI has also issued Circular on Resignation of statutory auditors from listed entities and their material subsidiaries on October 18, 2019 to regulate resignation of the auditors

CAPABILITY OF COMPANY OF MEETING ITS LIABILITIES EXISTING AT THE DATE OF BALANCE SHEET

PROVISIONS OF CARO, 2020

PROVISIONS OF CARO, 2016

on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, the auditor's knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans, whether the auditor is of the opinion that no material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that company is capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date;

TRANSFER OF AMOUNT REMAINING UNSPENT UNDER SUB-SECTION (5) OF SECTION 135 TO FUND SPECIFIED IN SCHEDULE VII

PROVISIONS OF CARO, 2020	PROVISIONS OF CARO, 2016
(a) whether, in respect of other than ongoing projects, the company has transferred unspent amount to a Fund specified in Schedule VII to the Companies Act within a period of six months of the expiry of the financial year in compliance with second proviso to sub-section (5) of section 135 of the said Act; (b) whether any amount remaining unspent under sub-section (5) of section 135 of the Companies Act, pursuant to any ongoing project, has been transferred to special account in compliance with the provision of subsection (6) of section 135 of the said Act;	

KEY POINTS

• New Provision has been inserted to check compliance of the provisions of section 135(6) inserted by way of amendment through Companies (Amendment) Act, 2019 which is yet to be notified



MANAGERIAL REMUNERATION

PROVISIONS OF CARO, 2020	PROVISIONS OF CARO, 2016
	whether managerial remuneration has been paid or provided in accordance with the requisite approvals mandated by the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Companies Act? If not, state the amount involved and steps taken by the company for securing refund of the same;

Provision related to managerial remuneration has been removed considering the same falls under the purview of Secretarial Auditor

REASONS TO BE STATED FOR UNFAVOURABLE OR QUALIFIED ANSWERS

PROVISIONS OF CARO, 2020	PROVISIONS OF CARO, 2016
whether there have been any qualifications or adverse remarks by the respective auditors in the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order (CARO) reports of the companies included in the consolidated financial statements, if yes, indicate the details of the companies and the paragraph numbers of the CARO report containing the qualifications or adverse remarks.	

CONCLUSION

Excerpts from Thirukural:

தக்காங்கு நாடித் தலைச்செல்லா வண்ணத்தால் ஒத்தாங்கு ஒறுப்பது வேந்து.

Good Governance warrants proper enquiry into alleged misuses of power and award of deterrent punishment to avoid recurrence



Thank, You!